



## O.S.D.A.V Public School, Kaithal

Periodic Test – 1( 2024-25)

Grade- 4

Subject – Mathematics

M.M : 30

Name..... Roll No..... Section.....

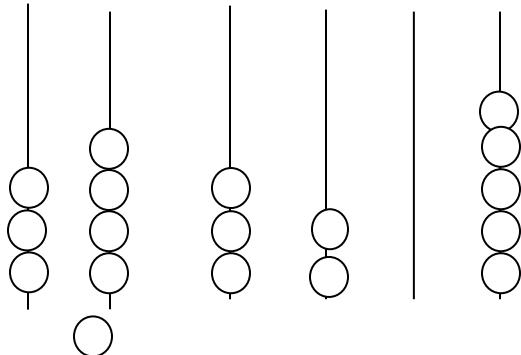
Section-A

$1 \times 16 = 16$

\*Do all the sums :

Q1. What does number show the abacus :

L T Th Th H T O



Q2

3 4 3 2 0 5

7,12,405

Seven lakh twelve thousand four hundred five

Q3. Compare <, >, =

26,895      62,895

Q4. Add orally :

$$15000 + 4000 = 19000$$

Q5. Encircle the smallest numeral :

28,369 ; 42,943 ; 24,320 ; 68,427

Q6. The places ones, tens and hundreds belong to ones period.

Q7. A shopkeeper bought 250 red pens, 400 blue pens and 600 black pens.

How many total pens is bought by him?

\_\_\_\_\_ 1250 pens \_\_\_\_\_

Q8. The greatest 5-digit number is 99,999

Q9.  $7,453 + 0 = 7453$

Q10.  $8,495 + 1,547 = 1,547 + 8495$

Q11. Name the six places of a 6- digit number.

Ones, tens , hundreds, thousands , ten thousands , lakhs

Q12. There are 5 zeros in one lakh.

Q13. Mrs. Pinki has ₹ 100 in her purse. She bought a chocolate for ₹ 75. How much money is left with her?

₹ 25

Q14. The standard numeral for

$$8,00,000 + 20,000 + 5,000 + 0 + 40 + 6 = 8,25,046$$

**Q15.** Write the numeral for :

Eight lakh forty five thousand three hundred twelve

8,45,312

**Q16.** True/ False.

The number just before 90,000 is 89,999. True

**Section-B**

**$2 \times 7 = 14$**

**Q 16.** Rewrite the numbers given below in ascending order :

45,798 ; 54,234 ; 56,762 ; 23,510

23,510. ;. 45,798;,. 54,234;,. 56,762

**Q 17.** Arrange the numbers given below in columns and add :

2,98,345 ; 56,723 ; 41,397

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L T Th Th H T O

2 9 8 3 4 5

5 6 7 2 3

+. 4 1 3 9 7

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3 9 6 4 6 5      Answer is 3,96,465

**Q 18.** The sum of smallest 6- digit number and greatest 4- digit number.

The smallest 6 digit number = 100000

The greatest 4 digit number = 9999

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Sum.} \\ \hline = 109999 \end{array}$$

**Q 19.** Fill in the blanks with correct answer :

- |                       |                        |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| a. $12 \times 6 = 72$ | c. $14 \times 3 = 42$  |
| b. $9 \times 7 = 63$  | d. $15 \times 8 = 120$ |

**Q20.** Write the expanded form of 45,296 in any 2-different ways :

4 ten thousands + 5 thousands + 2 hundreds + 9 tens + 6 ones

$40000 + 5000 + 200 + 90 + 6$

$4 \times 10000 + 5 \times 1000 + 2 \times 100 + 9 \times 10 + 6 \times 1$

**Q 21.** Subtract the numbers given below.

$$85,729 - 61,387$$

TTh Th H T O

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \ 5 \ 7 \ 2 \ 9 \\ - 6 \ 1 \ 3 \ 8 \ 7 \\ \hline 2 \ 4 \ 3 \ 4 \ 2 \end{array}$$

**Q 22.** Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct answers :

a. The smallest 6-digit number formed by using the digits 5, 4, 3 0, 9 and 2 only once is \_\_\_\_\_

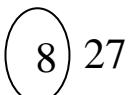
- i. 5,43,190  ii. 2,03,459  iii. 9,54,320

b. 1 lakh = \_\_\_\_\_ thousand

- i. 1000  ii. 100  iii. 10000

c. The place value of 7 in 8,74,324 is \_\_\_\_\_

- i. 7,00,000  ii. 70,000  iii. 7,000

d. What is the period of the encircled digit : 6,54, 27

- i. thousands  ii. ones  iii. lakhs