

O.S.D.A.V Public School, Kaithal Marking Scheme Half Yearly Exams, 2024 Subject: Artificial Intelligence

Class: IX Set- A

Time:- ____ min. M.M.:- 50

General Instructions:

Please read the instructions carefully.

- 1. This Question Paper consists of four sections: Section A, Section B., Section C and Section D
- 2. Section A & B has Objective type questions whereas Section C & D contains Subjective type questions.
- 3. All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.

 SECTION A: (Artificial Intelligence)

	SECTION A : (Artificial Intelligence) OBJECTIVE TYPE OUESTIONS			
Q.	Answer all questions: (1 x 20 = 20marks)			
1	(= == = == ============================			
1	For any AI project to be efficient, the training data should be and relevant to the problem statement	1		
	scoped.			
	a) outsourced b) free-sourced c) authentic d) All of these			
	Ans: c) Authentic			
2	In, the machine is trained with huge amounts of data which helps it in training itself around the data.	1		
	a) Supervised Learning b) Deep Learning c) Classification d) Unsupervised Learning			
	Ans: b) Deep Learning b) Deep Learning c) Classification d) Chsupervised Learning			
3.	Recently a popular social media company launched a campaign titled '10 year gap' where it encouraged its users to	1		
	post their pictures before and after the gap of 10 years. Using this collection of images, they fine-tuned a lot of			
	features of their social media platform.			
	The collection of huge data of images took placestage of AI project cycle.			
	a)Problem Scoping b) Data Exploration c)Modeling d)Data Acquisition			
4	Ans –d) Data Acquisition	1		
4	IoT is abbreviated as a) Institute of Technology b) Internet of Things c) Index organized Table d) Inter-operability Test	1		
	Ans- b) Internet of Things C) index organized Table d) inter-operability rest			
5.	The intension of Machine Learning is	1		
J.	a) recognize human's face b)think through the algorithm and execute the task			
	c)enable machines to learn by themselves using provided data			
	d) trained with huge amount of data			
	Ans- c)enable machines to learn by themselves using provided data			
6.	Statement 1: The data with which machine can be trained is the testing data.	1		
	Statement 2: The data with which machine can be tested is the training data.			
	a)Statement 1 is Correct and Statement 2 is Incorrect b)Statement 1 is Incorrect and Statement 2 is Correct c)Both statement 1 & 2 are correct d) Both statement 1 & 2 are incorrect			
	Ans- d) Both statement 1 & 2 are incorrect			
7	Which of the following is not an approach of data modeling?	1		
,	a. Rule Based b. Learning Based c. Knowledge Based			
	Ans- c. Knowledge Based			
8	Survey is valid source to acquire data for solving Problem. (True/False) Ans-True	1		
9	is the sub-field of AI that is focused on enabling	1		
	computers to communicate with human being using natural language as human being do.			
	a) Deep Learning b) Machine Learning c) NLP d) Computer Vision			
10	Ans- c) NLP	1		
10	Which of following comes under Problem Scoping? a) System Mapping b) 4W Canvas c) Data Features d) Web Scraping	1		
	 a) System Mapping b) 4W Canvas c) Data Features d) Web Scraping Ans- b) 4W Canvas 			
11	Semantris Game based on domain of AI.	1		
**	a)NLP b)Computer Vision c)Data Science d)All of Above	•		
	Ans- a)NLP			
12	Which of following is not domain of artificial intelligence?	1		
	a)Data Management System b) Computer Vision c)Natural Language Processing d)Data Science			
	Ans- a)Data Management System			
13	Which of following is not valid for Data Acquisition?	1		

	a) Web Scraping b)Survey c) Sensor d) Announcements	
1.4	Ans- d) Announcements	1
14	In 2014 Amazon developed an AI recruiting system to streamline their hiring process. It was found to be	1
	discriminatory against women as the data used to train the model was from past 10 years, where most selected	
	applicants were men due to the male dominance in tech industry. Amazon scraped this system in 2018. Above is	
	example of which AI Ethics?	
	a)Bias and Fairness b) Accountability c)Transparency d)Human AI Interaction	
	Ans= a)Bias and Fairness	
15	Identify A, B,C in the following diagram.(Hint: How AI, ML and DL related to each other)	1
	A	
	B	
	Ans-A-Artificial Intelligence	
	b-Machine Learning	
	c-Deep learning	
16	The primary purpose of Data exploration in AI Project Cycle is	1
	a)To make data more complicated b) To Check Data Efficiency	
	c)To discover pattern and insights in data d) None of Above	
	Ans- c)To discover pattern and insights in data	
17	Search for images of Personal Secretary on Google, displaying predominantly the images of women is an example	1
	of	
	a)Data Privacy b) Bias c) Human Right d) AI Inclusion	
	Ans- b) Bias	
18	is practice of protecting digital information from unauthorized access, corruption, theft throughout	1
	its entire life cycle.	
	a) Data Security b) Data Privacy c) Data Literacy d) Data Acquisition	
	b) Ans-Data Security	
19	Quantitative Data is numerical in nature. (True/False)	1
	Ans-True	
20	Praneet has taken extra packets of mouth freshner after dinner from restaurant. Is it considered as theft? Is it Moral	1
	or Ethical Concern?	
	Ans=Ethical Concern	
	SECTION B (Employability Skill) 1x5=5	
21	people are able to recognize their strengths and accept weaknesses at the same time.	1
	a) Arrogant b) Unconfident c) Self-confident d) Negative	
	Ans-Self-Confident	
22	Radha wants to grow her hair and she applies a lot of hair oil. She does not wash her hair for days and sometimes it	1
	smells bad too. What would be your suggestion to her?	
	(a) She can leave the oil in her hair, after all it helps her hair to grow.	
	(b) She can leave it on at night and wash her hair every day before leaving home.	
	(c) She should not apply the oil at all.	
	(d) She can apply the oil and pour a little water on her hair before leaving home to reduce the smell.	
	Ans-b	
23	You may say 'Hi' when you meet .	1
	(a) your teacher in class (b) a senior in the office (c) your Principal (d) your friends at a shop	
	Ans-(d) your friends at a shop	
24.	What is the purpose of communication?	1
	(a) Inform (tell someone about something) (b) Influence (get someone to do something you want)	
	(c) Share thoughts, ideas, feelings (d) All of the above	
	Ans-(d) All of the above	
25.	Which of the following is not a self-management skill?	1
	(a) Problem solving (b) Bargaining (c) Understanding self (d) Confidence building	
	Ans-(b) Bargaining	
	SECTION C : SUBJECTIVE TYPE OUESTION (Employability Skill)	
Ansv	wer 3 questions: (5 marks)	
	26 Cive examples of any four common sions used for viewal communication	12
Q.	26 Give examples of any four common signs used for visual communication.	2

	Visual Communication: Exchanging Information through Images Traffic symbol which communicates not to blow horn Traffic Lights—Red for Stop; Yellow for Wait and Green for Go	
	Sign for ladies and gents toilet Sign showing railway crossing	
	Sign for flammable substances Sign for slippery surface	
	Sign used to pause a video or audio file in smartphone or computer Ans: Sign which communicates that the area is a no smoking zone	
Q.27	What are the factors that affect self-confidence? Ans: Ans: Given below are some factors that decrease self- confidence. (a) When we think we cannot do a particular work. b) When we keep thinking of our past mistakes and feel bad about it, instead of learning from them. c) When we expect to be successful at the first attempt itself and do not try again. d) When we are surrounded by people who have a negative attitude, which is reflected in their speech	2
Q.28	List any 04 self-management skill Ans 4: Self Confidence, Self-Motivation, Self Control, Time Management	1

Answer all questions in 20 – 30 words each (2 x 6= 12 marks)

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Q.29	How is machine learning related to artificial intelligence?	2
	Ans: Machine learning is a part of artificial intelligence (AI) that focuses on teaching computers to learn	
	from data and improve their performance over time without being explicitly programmed. In patterns,	
	making them better for complex or evolving problems where rules are hard to define.	
Q.30	Explain 4 W problem canvas in problem scoping. Ans:	2
	The 4Ws problem canvas is the basic template while scoping a problem and using this canvas, the	
	picture becomes clearer while we are working to solve it.	
	a) Who: The "Who" block helps you in analyzing the people getting affected directly or indirectly due to	
	it? Under this, you find out who the 'stakeholders' to this problem are and what you know about them.	
	Stakeholders are the people who face this problem and would be benefitted with the solution.	
	b) What: Under the "What" block, you need to look into what you have on hand. At this stage, you need	
	to determine the nature of the problem. What is the problem and how do you know that it is a problem?	
	c) Where: In this block, you need to focus on the context/situation/location of the problem. It will help you look into the situation in which the problem arises, the context of it, and the locations where it is	
	prominent.	
	d) Why: in the "Why" canvas, think about the benefits which the stakeholders would get from the solution	
	and how would it benefit them as well as the society.	
Q.31	Name various methods of collecting data.	2
	Ans: Survey, Sensor, API, Observations, Camera, Web Scraping	
Q.32	What do you mean by Problem Statement Template?	2
	Ans: Problem Statement Template helps us to summarize all key points into single template.	
Q.33	What do you understand by term True Positive and False Positive?	2
	Ans: True Positive: When Prediction & Reality Macthes	
	Prediction is True	
	False Positive: When Prediction & Reality not matches	
	Prediction is True.	
Q.34	What are some common challenges in deploying AI models?	2
	Ans: Common challenges in deploying AI models include ensuring the model works well with real-world	
	data, integrating it with existing systems, monitoring and maintaining its performance over time, and managing the costs of deployment.	
	ron all questions in 50, 90 months and (4 m 2, 9 months)	l

Answer all questions in 50–80 words each $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ marks})$

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O.35	Differentiate between Ethics & Moral with example. Write major issues around AI ethics.	4	
V.	2 iii o ii	_	

Morals	Ethics
The beliefs dictated by our society.	The guiding principles to decide what is good or bad.
 Morals are not fixed and can be different for different societies. 	These are values that a person themselves chooses for their life.
Examples:Always speak the truthAlways be loyalAlways be generous	 Examples: Is it good to speak the truth in all situations? Is it good to be loyal under all circumstances? Is it necessary to always be generous?

Ans:

Q.36 What are various stages of AI Project Cycle? Explain each with example.

Ans: The steps involved in AI project cycle are as given:

- The first step is Scope the Problem by which, you set the goal for your AI project by stating the problem which you wish to solve with it. Under problem scoping, we look at various parameters which affect the problem we wish to solve so that the picture becomes clearer
- Next step is to acquire data which will become the base of your project as it will help you in understanding what the parameters that are related to problem scoping.
- Next, you go for data acquisition by collecting data from various reliable and authentic sources. Since the data you collect would be in large quantities, you can try to give it a visual image of different types of representations like graphs, databases, flow charts, maps, etc. This makes it easier for you to interpret the patterns in which your acquired data follows.
- After exploring the patterns, you can decide upon the type of model you would build to achieve the goal. For this, you can research online and select various models which give a suitable output.
- You can test the selected models and figure out which is the most efficient one.
- The most efficient model is now the base of your AI project and you can develop your algorithm around it.
- Once the modelling is complete, you now need to test your model on some newly fetched data. The results will help you in evaluating your model and hence improving it. Finally, after evaluation, the project cycle is now complete and what you get is your AI project.

Evaluation: To chech the efficiency and performance of model

Deployment: This is last stage of AI Project Cycle in which we put model in real world scenario.

4



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SECTION A : (Artificial Intelligence) OBJECTIVE TYPE OUESTIONS		
Q. 1	Answer all questions : $(1 \times 20 = 20 \text{marks})$	
1	Statement:1 At the same time, we should keep in mind that the data which we collect is open-sourced and not someone's property. Statement 2: Extracting private data can be an offence	1
	a) Statement 1 is True b) Statement 2 is True c) Statement 1 and 2 both are True Ans-c) Statement 1 and 2 both are True	
2	The Indian Government banned a few apps stating – "servers in the hostile nation are receiving and using the acquired data improperly". Which terminology suits best for this action? AI Ethics (b)Data Privacy (c)AI Bias (d) AI Access Ans-Data Privacy	1
3.	The government has decided to use Computer Vision technology to assess satellite imagery to study living and wealth conditions of people and to analyze individual random pictures of residents of that area to detect malnutrition. All this is being done for achieving an SDG. Which of the following SDG could it be? a) No Poverty b) Decent Work & Economic Growth c) Gender Equality d) Life on Land Ans-No Poverty	1
4	Pick odd one out and justify your answer a)Snapchat filter b) Facelock in phone c)Chatbot d)Image search option Ans-Chatbot	1
5.	Data features refer to thetype of data you want to collecta)type of data you want to collect. b)set of data you want to collect. c)source of data you want to collect	1
6.	Most advanced form of Artificial Intelligence is: a)Machine Learning b) Neural Network c) Deep Learning d)All of these Ans- Deep Learning	1
7	Avni wants to train its robot with some images. So she has asked for some images of objects, which her support team plan to keep in the way of Ginko. What type of data is Avni collecting now? a) Tabular Data b) Robotic Database c) Training Data d) Testing Data Ans-Training Data	1
8	Identify the correct statement(s) from the following: (i) Deep learning is a subset of Machine Learning (ii) Deep Learning is not a subset of Machine Learning (iii) Artificial Intelligence is a subset of Deep Learning (iv) Machine Learning is the advanced form of AI and ML a) only (i) b) (ii) and (iii) c)(i) and (ii) d)Only (iii) Ans-only(i)	1
9	Survey is valid source to acquire data for solving Problem. (True/False) Ans-True	1
10	Quick and Draw Game based ondomain of AI. a)NLP b)Computer Vision c)Data Science d)All of Above Ans-Computer Vision	1
11	In 2014 Amazon developed an AI recruiting system to streamline their hiring process. It was found to	1
-		

	be discriminatory against women as the data used to train the model was from past 10 years, where	
	most selected applicants were men due to the male dominance in tech industry. Amazon scraped this	
	system in 2018. Above is example of which AI Ethics?	
	a)Bias and Fairness b) Accountability c)Transparency d)Human AI Interaction	
	Ans- a)Bias and Fairness	
12	Which one of following is Second Stage of AI Project Cycle?	1
	a) Data Exploration b) Evaluation c) Modeling d) Data Acquisition	
	Ans-d)Data Acquisition	
13	What does NLP stands for in AI?	1
	a) Neutral Learning Projection b) Neuro –Linguistic Programming	
	c)Natural Language Processing d)Neuro Logic Presentation	
	Ans-c)Natural Language Prrocessing	
14	Which of following is not a part of the 4 W's Problem Canvas?	1
	a) Who b)What c)Why d)Which	
	Ans d)which	
15	Deployment is final stage of in AI project cycle where the AI model or solution is implemented in a real	1
	world scenario(True / False) Ans-True	
16	The process of breaking down the big problem into series of simple steps is known as:	1
	a)Efficiency b)Modularity c) Both a and b d) None of Above	
	Ans-b)Modularity	
17	Weight of person isquantitative type of Data.	1
10	a. Qualitative b. Quantitative Ans-b	
18	allows us to understand why things are happening in particular way.	1
	a)Data b)Information c)Knowledge d)Wisdom	
10	Ans-d)Wisdom	1
19	Artificial Intelligence and machine learning systems can display unfair behavior if not trained	1
20	properly.(True/False) Ans-True	1
20	Preference for one over other is known as a) Data Privacy b) Bias c) Human Right d) AI Inclusion	1
	Ans-b)bias	
	SECTION B (Employability Skill) 1x5=5	
21	Dressing and grooming are important because they help us to look	1
21	(a) smart (b) untidy (c) shabby (d) All of the above	1
	Ans-a)Smart	
22	Which of the following is not a self-management skill?	1
	(a) Problem solving (b) Bargaining (c) Understanding self (d) Confidence building	
	Ans-b)Bargaining	
23	Renuka is joining a new school. Which of the following questions will help her become comfortable	1
	with her new classmates?	
	(a) How long have you been studying here? (b) Would you like to share my lunch?	
	(c) What do you all do in your free time? (d) All the options are correct.	
	Ans-d(All options are correct)	
24.	Why do we send emails?	1
	(a) To reach on time (b) To share documents and files	
	(c) To talk to each other (d) To meet each other	
2.7	Ans-b(To share documents and files)	
25.	What does an upright (straight) body posture convey/ show?	1
	(a) Shyness (b) Fear (c) confidence (d) Intelligence	
1	LANS-CU ONTIDENCE)	Ì

SECTION C: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION (Employability Skill)

Answer 3 questions: (5 marks)



SECTION D : SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION (20 Marks)

Answer all questions in 20 - 30 words each $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ marks})$

Q.29	Differentiate between rule-based and learning-based AI modelling approaches.	2
	${ m Ans}$: There are two approaches for AI Modelling; Rule Based and Learning Based.	
	The Rule based approach generates pre-defined outputs based on certain rules programmed by humans. Whereas, machine learning approach has its own rules based on the output and data used to train the models.	
	OR	
	Rule Based Approach Refers to the AI modelling where the relationship or patterns in data are defined by the developer. The machine follows the rules or instructions mentioned by the developer, and performs its task accordingly. Whereas in Learning based approach, the relationship or patterns in data are not defined by the developer. In this approach, random data is fed to the machine and it is left to the machine to figure out patterns and trends out of it	
Q.30	Explain Data Privacy. Ans: Data privacy is the protection of personal data from those who should not have access to it and the ability of individuals to determine who can access their personal information.	2
•	Name 2 government websites from where you can get open source data. Ans: data.gov.in, india.gov.in	2
Q.32	How will you differentiate between training data and testing data? Elaborate with examples.	2
-	Ans. The training data is used to train the machine learning algorithm. The testing data is used to evaluate the accuracy of the trained algorithm. The training data should represent the data the algorithm will encounter in the real world.	
	Example: Previous Salary Data is Training Data	
	Next Salary Prediction is Testing Data	
Q.33	What are various model evaluation techniques?	2
	Ans: F1 Score, Accuracy, Precision, Recall.	

Answer all questions in 50–80 words each $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ marks})$

Q.35 What do you mean by Artificial Intelligence? Explain 3 domains of AI with example.

4

Ans: Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to any technique that enables computers to mimic human intelligence i.e., make decisions, predict the future, learn and improve on its own. With respect to the type of data fed in the AI model, AI models can be broadly categorised into three domains:

- 1. Data sciences
- 2. Computer vision
- 3. Natural Language Processing

Data Science takes input in the form of numeric and alphanumeric data. Eg: YouTube Recommendation Computer Vision takes input in the form of images and videos. Eg: Snapchat Filter, Face Recognitation

Natural Language Processing takes input in the form of text and speech. Eg: Alexa, Siri

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