TERM-1

SAMPLE

PAPERS

CLASS-6

2023-24

ENGLISH

DLDAV MODEL SCHOOL PITAMPURA
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION
SAMPLE PAPER
ENGLISH (2023-24)
CLASS VI   MM-80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1. This paper is divided into three sections.
2. All the sections are compulsory.
3. Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.
4. Write your name, class, section, and roll number on top of the answer sheet.

SECTION A   (8 MARKS)
READING

A) Coal tar is black and sticky. For a long time, people thought of it as a nuisance. This oily, smelling substance blocked up the pipes, so gas makers and coke makers washed it out and tried to get rid of it. Some of it was sold for roofing but most of it was wasted. But this evil-smelling nuisance has been found to be one of the most useful raw materials in the world. From it, the chemist is able to make almost anything he wishes from medicines to explosives, from dyes to disinfectants. Not all these things are made from coal tar itself. Only about a dozen simple products come from it. But from these, the chemist is able to make thousands of new substances. Some of the most important things made from coal tar are dyes. A whole rainbow of colors is made from coal tar. More than nine hundred different coal tar dyes are in common use. These dyes not only give fine colors to our clothes, ribbons, shoes, and hats but also give pleasing colors to many of our sweets and drinks. Some of the coal tar dyes serve another purpose besides that of giving color, they are used to heal wounds. Many important medicines are made from coal tar. Carbolic acid is one such. Another is used by a dentist when he pulls out a tooth. It deadens the nerves in the gum so that no pain is felt.

Top Coal Tar Oil Importing Countries
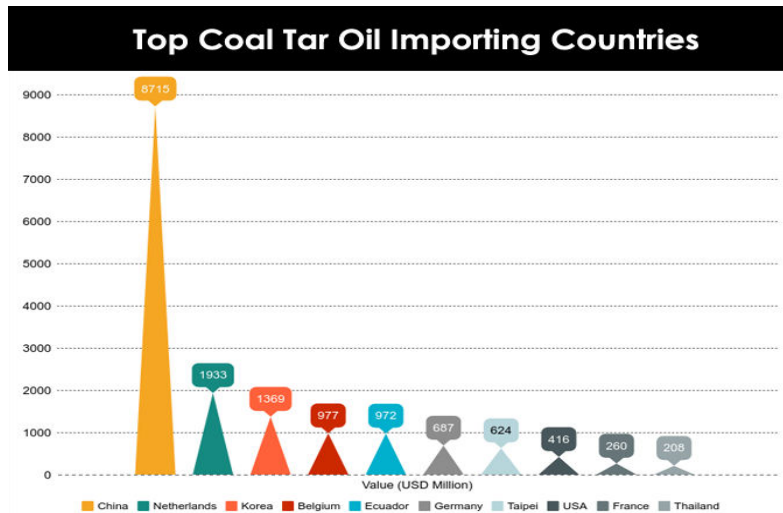
On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions:

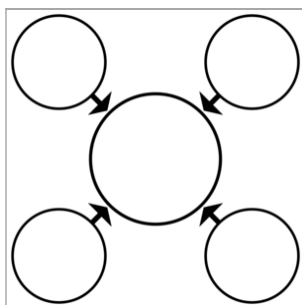1. Complete the given table.   1

CAUSE	EFFECT
	Coal- tar was considered a nuisance

2.   What is the main idea of the passage?   1
a.   Coal- tar is extremely useful
b.   A rainbow of colours is made from coal-tar.
c.   Coal- tar is a nuisance

3.What are the uses of the coal tar mentioned in the passage?   2

4. Coal tar is a _____.   1
a.   oily, sticky, and a smelling substance.
b.   colorful and helpful substance
c.   medicine to treat various diseases.

5. Read the given statements and write F if the statement is a fact and O if it is an opinion.   1
a.   Coal tar is a nuisance.
b.   Coal tar colours are used to give colours to sweets and drinks

6. Which country imports the maximum quantity of coal tar?   1
7. Find out from the passage the word which is opposite of 'blessing''.   1
8. Write from the passage the word which means a chemical liquid that destroys bacteria.   1

B) Saeeda's mother had been ailing for a long time — fever, cough, body-ache, painful joints, and whatnot. Treated by a variety of physicians for weeks, she often showed signs of improvement but soon relapsed into her old, sick self, one complaint substituted by another. Though weak and colorless, she was forbidden normal food and was under strict orders to remain perpetually confined to her small, dingy room with doors and windows fastened, deprived of sunshine and fresh air. When she became critical, her relatives and neighbours persuaded her to consult a specialist even though his fee was likely to be high. Life is more precious than money, they said. Saeeda's mother was poor but she heeded their advice and sold a few trinkets to pay the doctor's fee and the cost of medicine. The doctor came in a few days and examined her and prescribed effective but costly medicine. To the question as to what she should eat he said, "Anything you wish to eat chapati, vegetables, milk, fruits, etc. In addition to all this," he added emphatically, "leave this dark hovel and occupy a bigger room with doors and windows open. Sit in the sun every morning from eight to nine. Sunshine and fresh air," he concluded, "are more important than medicine."

On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the questions that follow:
1. Saeeda's mother was suffering from _____ and _____.
    1. fever and painful joints
    2. cough and sneezing
    3. body ache and vomiting
    4. vomiting and cough
2. What was Saeeda's mother forbidden?
    1. a. Sunlight and milk
       b.Fruits and air

c.Fresh air and sunlight
         d.Milk and fresh fruits
    3. Saeeda's mother was told to eat _____ and _____.

a.   Option 1
b.   Option 2
c.   Option 3
d.   Option 4

4. In the context of the above passage, which statement is NOT correct?

a.Saaeda's mother was suffering from fever, cough, and joint pains
b. The doctor examined Saeeda's mother and prescribed effective medicine.
c.The doctor advised her to sit in the sun every morning
d.Money is more precious than life.

5. Arrange the following statements in the correct order.
a.   She was treated by many physicians but all in vain
b.   Gradually, her condition became critical.
c.   Saeeda's mother was suffering from fever, cough, body ache
d.   She was forbidden from normal food.
      (i) abcd
      (ii) bacd
      (iii) cadb
      (iv) dbca

6. What did Saeeda's relatives suggest to her mother?
7 . Find the word from the passage that means the same as
    1. Unwell or poor health
    2. Banned/Not allowed
8. How did Saeeda's mother pay the fee to the doctor?
9. Suggest a suitable title for the passage.
10. What were the two suggestions given by the doctor towards the end of the passage?

SECTION B   (30 MARKS)

WRITING AND GRAMMAR

C) You recently visited a book fair organized in Jawaharlal Nehru Stadium, Delhi. It was Mini India assembled in one place because books from authors from all over India could be seen. Write a diary entry in not more than 100 words about what you saw and experienced there. (8 MARKS)   OR

C) As a business enthusiast and a young entrepreneur, you wish to share your idea with an agency funding the start-up plans. Write an application to the head of the department, requesting them to allow you to attend their upcoming event. You are Rajan/Riya, residing in New Friends Colony, New Delhi.

D)You are Srinivas/ Srinidhi of Army Public School. Draft a notice inviting volunteers for an upcoming cleanliness drive scheduled for 15th of July, in the close vicinity of your school. You are the Head Boy/Head Girl of your school. (4 MARKS)

OR

D)Your friend, Poonam gifted you a Louis Vuitton handbag. You felt extremely elated and decided to thank her for the same. Express your feelings in the form of a thank you note.

E)Unjumble the following sentences: (1X4)

a. I / the/ate/ that/ you /cooked/ meal.
b. cook /can/ please/ you/ again /for/ me
c. I /to/ this/ art/ want /from /you/ learn.
d. must/ you/ participate/ in/ competitions /cooking

F)Fill up the blanks using abstract nouns (1X2=2)

a. Our soldiers standing on the borders are extremely brave. Their _____is evident in their operations undertaken by them.
b. His father is an honest man. His _____ always fetches him good results.

G)Replace the adverb phrase with an adverb. (1X2)

a. He fought the battle <u>with courage.</u>
b. Poonam greeted everyone <u>in a pleasing manner</u>.

H)Fill up the blanks using the correct form of verbs:(4MARKS)

a. He _____ the poetry in a beautiful manner yesterday, (recite)
b. Poonam _____ to the play(contribute)
c. Yippee, yesterday we _____the party. (enjoy). Shivam _____an amazing cake for all of us(bake)

I)The following passage has not been edited. There is one error in each line. Write the incorrect and the correct word.(4)

	Incorrect	correct
Children are fond to mangoes. It is the	_____	_____
sweetest of all fruits, and is indeed a wonderful	_____	___
fruit. It grow in plenty during summers and is found	____	___
in North India, round every corner.	_____	___

J) Do as directed:(3 MARKS)

1. _____ pineapples are mine. (those/this)
2. Everyone admired her <u>flawless</u> beauty. The underlined word is _____(adjective/adverb/noun).
3. The underlined word in the sentence" The dove <u>flew</u> away" is a _____ verb.

SECTION C
LITERATURE   (30 MARKS)

K)Read the extract given below from "Leisure" and answer the questions. (1X4)

"No time to see, when woods we pass,
where squirrels hide their nuts in grass"
a. Analyse the main idea that the poet wants to convey in the given couplet?
b. Name the poetic device used in the couplet.

c. "Squirrels hiding their nuts in the grass" is a natural sight that we miss nowadays. What other natural sights do you miss? Name any two.

d. Design a graffiti wall depicting the things that you would want to do in you "leisure time".

E) Read the extract given below from "My Experiments with Truth" and answer the questions. (1X4)

"He read it and pearl drops trickled down his cheeks, wetting his paper. Those pearl drops of love cleansed my heart and washed my sin away"

a. Justify that the idiom "reduce to tears" rightly conveys the meaning delivered in the extract.

b. Elucidate the implied meaning of the phrase "pearl drops trickled down his cheeks"

c. Do you think that the act of repentance really helps in cleansing your heart? If yes, explain by stating an example.

d. Frame one sentence on "trickled"

F) Answer the questions that follow. Do any six. (2X6=12)

a. "I really explored all avenues open to me and eventually decided that this was the best option". Do you think Daddy was indecisive about his career plans or was he just exploring avenues to tap the right one?

b. What was the weirdest choice of career made by Daddy? Explain with reasons.

c. The white elephant refused to eat anything in the palace. Was he showing his helplessness or anger? Explain.

d. "With trembling hands, Gandhiji handed over the confession note to his father" Keeping this statement in mind, brief a little on the ocean of emotions that Gandhiji must be going through.

e. Why should we not put off any work/good deed till tomorrow?

f. What happens if we throw the hours away?
g. Do you think Dorabji Gimi was right in his approach of being a disciplinarian? Comment.

G) "Noble animal, your goodness puts mankind to shame". Discuss the characteristics of the forester and the white elephant in the light of this comment by the king.(4 MARKS)

OR

Confessing one's mistake to one's parents needs great mental strength. Would you describe Gandhiji as a brave boy?

H) Write a letter to your brother living in a hostel to maintain a balance between playing games and studying so as to make the most productive use of his time. (6 MARKS)

OR

On behalf of mother elephant, write a request letter to the king pleading for the release of her son.

ANSWER KEY
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION
ENGLISH (2023-24)
CLASS VI

A) 1. Coal tar is black and sticky.

2. Coal- tar is extremely useful.

3. Medicines, explosives, dyes, disinfectants.

It is used by a dentist when he pulls out a tooth.

These dyes not only give fine colours to our clothes, ribbons, shoes and hats, but also give pleasing colours to many of our sweets and drinks.

4. a. oily, sticky, and smelling substance.

5.

a.   Opinion

b.   Fact

6. China

7. Nuisance

8. Disinfectant

B)

1. a. fever and painful joints

2. c. Fresh air and sunlight

3. b. Option 2

4. d. Money is more precious than life

5. (iii) cadb

6. persuaded her to consult a specialist even though his fee was likely to be high. Life is more precious than money, they said.

7 sick, forbidden

8 sold a few trinkets to pay the doctor's fee and the cost of medicine.

9 Life is more precious than money

10 Anything you wish to eat — chapati, vegetables, milk, fruits, etc. In addition to all this," he added emphatically, "leave this dark hovel and occupy a bigger room with doors and windows open. Sit in the sun every morning from eight to nine. Sunshine and fresh air," he concluded, "are more important than medicine."

E)1. I ate the meal that you cooked.

2. Can you please cook again for me?

3. I want to learn this art from you.

4. You must participate in cooking competition.

F)

1. Bravery

2. Honesty

G)

1. courageously

2. pleasingly

H)

1. recited

2. contributes

3. enjoyed, baked

I)

1. of

2. are

3.grows

4.around

j)

1.those

2.adjective

3.intransitive verb

HINDI

प्रतिदर्श प्रश्न पत्र (2023-24)

कक्षा - छठी

विषय -हिंदी

समय-3 घंटे   **कुल अंक -80**

सामान्य निर्देश :

1. इस प्रश्नपत्र में चार खंड है खंड 'क' ,'ख' ,'ग' व 'घ'
2. सभी खंड अनिवार्य हैं।
3. प्रश्नों के सभी उप -भागों के उत्तर क्रमशः एक साथ लिखिए |
4. उत्तर पुस्तिका में उत्तर के साथ वही क्रम संख्या लिखिए जो प्रश्न पत्र में दी गई है |

<p align="center">(खंड -क)</p>

प्रश्न-1 नीचे दिए गए अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उचित विकल्प चुनिए (5x1=5)

सही समय पर सही चुनाव करने वाला व्यक्ति सदैव सफलता प्राप्त करता है। चुनाव में असावधान व्यक्ति कभी सफलता की चोटी पर नहीं चढ़ पाता। जो व्यक्ति अपने दैनिक कार्यक्रमों में सजगता के साथ उपयुक्त चुनाव नहीं करता और महत्व की दृष्टि से उसमें ठीक- ठाक क्रम नहीं बैठा पाता वह व्यक्ति न समय पर कोई कार्य पूरा कर सकता है और न अपने कामों को श्रेष्ठता और कलात्मकता ही दे पाता है। होना यह चाहिए कि हम सोच- समझकर तय करें कि हमें किस समय में उठना है किस समय सोना है और किस समय क्या और कितना खाना है तथा किस समय अध्ययन करना है। खेलकूद और व्यायाम के लिए समय का चुनाव करना है। चुनाव करते समय हमें अपने मित्र के प्रति बहुत सावधानी बरतनी होगी ।यह चुनाव हमारे जीवन की अनेक सफलताओं और असफलताओं के लिए ज़िम्मेदार होता है ।सच्चा मित्र जहाँ हमें सन्मार्ग पर ले जाता हैं वहीं कुमित्र पतन के गर्त में धकेल देता है तथा हमारे जीवन को अनेक दुर्गुणों से भर देता है

(i) नीचे दिए गए प्रश्न में दो कथनों अभिकथन 'A' और कारण 'R'के रूप में चिह्नित किया गया है। उचित विकल्प चुनकर उत्तर दीजिए |

(A) अभिकथन -सही समय पर सही चुनाव करने वाला व्यक्ति सदैव सफलता प्राप्त करता है।

(R) कारण -चुनाव करते समय हमें अपने मित्र के प्रति बहुत सावधानी बरतनी होगी ।

   (क) A सत्य है तो R असत्य है ।

   (ख) A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और 'A', 'R' की सही व्याख्या है ।

   (ग) A असत्य है पर R सत्य है।

   (घ) A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और 'R', 'A' की सही व्याख्या नहीं है ।

(ii) गद्यांश के आधार पर जीवन में सफलता प्राप्त करने के लिए सबसे महत्वपूर्ण क्या है?

   (क) सही शिक्षा प्राप्त करना

   (ख) सही चुनाव करना

   (ग) सही विचार रखना

   (घ) सही व्यवहार करना

 (iii) किस प्रकार के व्यक्ति अपने कार्यों को सुंदर और कलात्मक ढंग से व्यक्त नहीं कर पाते ?

   (क) सजगता के साथ परिश्रम न करने वाले

   (ख) सजगता के साथ निर्णय करने वाले

   (ग) सजगता के साथ चुनाव करने वाले

   (घ) सजगता के साथ अपने लक्ष्य चुनने वाले

(iv)हमें अपने मित्रों के चुनाव में भी सावधानी क्यों बरतनी चाहिए?

   (क) मित्र का चुनाव हमारी सफलता और असफलता के लिए ज़िम्मेदार होता है ।

   (ख) मित्र के चुनाव से हमारे चरित्र का पता चलता है।

   (ग) मित्र के चुनाव से हमारे सम्मान और प्रतिष्ठा पर प्रभाव पड़ता है ।

   (घ) मित्र के चुनाव से हम सही राह पर चलते है

(v) सच्चा मित्र और कुमित्र हमारे जीवन को किस प्रकार प्रभावित करता है?

   (क) सच्चा मित्र हमसे कुछ लेता नहीं है कुछ देता ही है।

   (ख) सच्चा मित्र संकट में साथ देता है ।कुमित्र संकट के समय साथ छोड़ देता है।

   (ग) सच्चा मित्र विश्वसनीय कुमित्र अविश्वसनीय होता है।

   (घ) सच्चा मित्र सन्मार्ग पर ले जाता है कुमित्र पतन के गर्त में धकेल देता है ।

प्रश्न-2 नीचे दिए गए अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उचित विकल्प चुनिए (5x1=5)

मनुष्य एक सामाजिक प्राणी है। वह सभी कार्य अपने आप नहीं कर सकता ।वह अनेक कार्यों में दूसरों की सहायता लेता है तो उसे भी दूसरों की मदद करनी पड़ती है ।सहायता के इस प्रकार के आदान-प्रदान के अभाव में समाज जीवित नहीं रह सकता ।समाज में रहकर व्यक्ति अनेक लोगों के संपर्क में आता है ।उनमें से कुछ लोग अच्छे होते हैं ,तो कुछ बुरे ।मनुष्य पर सभी प्रकार के लोगों का थोड़ा या बहुत प्रभाव अवश्य पड़ता है ।पर यह बात स्पष्ट है कि बुरे लोगों की संगति में रहने पर उस पर बुरा तथा अच्छे व्यक्ति के संपर्क में आने का अच्छा प्रभाव पड़ता है। इसलिए किसी ने ठीक ही कहा है ,'खरबूजे को

देखकर खरबूजा रंग बदलता है।' व्यक्ति को चाहिए कि वह अच्छे लोगों के साथ उठे- बैठे और अच्छा फल प्राप्त करे जिससे न केवल अपना बल्कि समाज एवं देश का भी देश का भी हित हो सके।

i) नीचे दिए गए प्रश्न में दो कथनों अभिकथन 'A' और कारण 'R'के रूप में चिहिनत किया गया है। उचित विकल्प चुनकर उत्तर दीजिए |

(A) अभिकथन- मनुष्य को सामाजिक प्राणी कहा गया है ।

(R) कारण -समाज में रह कर व्यक्ति अनेक लोगो के संपर्क में आता है।

   (क) A सत्य है तो R असत्य है ।

   (ख) A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और A, R की सही व्याख्या है ।

   (ग) A असत्य है पर Rसत्य है।

   (घ) A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R A की सही व्याख्या नहीं है ।

(ii) समाज में जीवित रहने के लिए आवश्यक है-

   (क) एक -दूसरे से मेलजोल

   (ख) अपने- अपने कर्तव्य का पालन

   (ग) एक- दूसरे की सहायता

   (घ) बुरे लोगो की संगति से बचना

(iii) व्यक्ति को अपना, समाज का तथा देश का हित करने के लिए क्या करना चाहिए?

   (क) अपने कर्तव्य का पालन

   (ख) मिलजुल कर रहना

   (ग) दीन- दुखियों की सहायता

   (घ) अच्छे लोगों की संगति में अच्छे कार्य करना

(iv) खरबूजे को देखकर खरबूजा रंग बदलता है अर्थात -

   (क) एक- दूसरे को देख कर बदल जाना

   (ख) एक- दूसरे की नकल करना

   (ग) एक- दूसरे की संगति का प्रभाव पड़ना

   (घ) एक- दूसरे की सहायता करना

(v) गद्यांश से में हमे जीवन संबंधी क्या शिक्षा मिलती है |-

   (क) सदा अपने भले के लिए सोचना चाहिए

   (ख) अपने काम समय से करने चाहिए

   (ग) बुरे लोगो से दूर रहना चाहिए

   (घ) एक दूसरे की मदद करके चलना चाहिए

प्रश्न-3 निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में भाववाचक संज्ञा शब्द छाँटकर लिखिए   (1/2 x4=2)

   (i) मुझे बचपन की बाते आज भी पूरी तरह याद है |

   (ii) एक योद्धा की वीरता ही उसे युद्ध में विजयी बनाती है |

   (iii) इस बार आमों में कुछ ख़ास मिठास नहीं थी |

   (iv) रामसिंह की ईमानदारी की सब मिसाल देते है |

प्रश्न-4 (i) 'तारा' शब्द का बहुवचन शब्द लिखिए-   (1×2=2)

   (ii) राहुल मेला देखने अकेला ही गया, उसे _____में अपने मित्र मिले।

      (रेखांकित शब्द के बहुवचन शब्द से वाक्य पूरा कीजिए)

प्रश्न-5 (i) 'माली' शब्द का स्त्रीलिंग शब्द लिखिए -   (1×2=2)

   (ii) संसार में नर व _____ दोनों श्रेष्ठ हैं।

      (रेखांकित शब्द के स्त्रीलिंग शब्द द्वारा वाक्य पूरा कीजिए)

प्रश्न-6 (i) 'ऊँचा' शब्द का विलोम शब्द लिखिए -   (1×2=2)

   (ii) मोहन सुबह सैर पर जाता है और अमन _____ के समय।

      (रेखांकित शब्द के विलोम शब्द द्वारा वाक्य पूरा कीजिए)

प्रश्न-7 (i) निम्नलिखित शब्दों में उचित स्थान पर अनुस्वार लगाइए   (1×2=2)

   क) पद्रह   ख) सपदा

   (ii) निम्नलिखित शब्दों में उचित स्थान पर अनुनासिक लगाइए

   (क) दोहराउगा   (ख) कविताए

प्रश्न-8 क) निम्नलिखित वाक्य में सर्वनाम शब्द छाँटकर लिखिए   (1×2=2)

   (i) मैंने रूपा को गुब्बारा दिया।

   (ii) तुम घर कब आओगे |

   ख)निम्नलिखित वाक्य में 'क्या' सर्वनाम का कौन -सा भेद है?)

    (i) आपने क्या भेजा है?

प्रश्न -9 निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में विशेषण शब्द छाँटकर उसका भेद लिखिए   (1×2=2)

   (i) राधिका के बाल लंबे हैं।

   (ii) पाँच बच्चों ने गाना गया |

प्रश्न 10 :(i) ' र ' के उस रूप का प्रयोग करके दो शब्द बनाइए जिनमें 'र' आधा है| (1×2 =2)

      (ii) माँ_____ से मोहन को देखने लगी। ('र' के रूप वाले शब्द से वाक्य पूरा कीजिए)

      (क) गुस्से   (ख) आश्चर्य

      (ग) खिड़की   (घ) गाड़ी

प्रश्न 11 :निम्नलिखित शब्दों को दो-दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए   (1×2 = 2)
क) पृथ्वी   ख) रास्ता

प्रश्न-12 :निम्नलिखित शब्दो के दो भिन्न अर्थों को लिखिए -   (1×2 = 2)

क) हार   ख) उत्तर

प्रश्न 13 :(i) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में काल पहचानकर लिखिए-   (1×2=2)
 (क)मिठाई के डिब्बे खरीदे जाएँगे।
 (ख) देखते ही देखते सोहन दस लड्डू खा गया |
 (ii) बच्चे पार्क में खेल रहे हैं । (दिए गए वाक्य का भूतकाल रूप लिखिए)

 प्रश्न 14 : (i) माता-पिता की सेवा करनी चाहिए। (दिए गए वाक्य में किन विराम - चिह्नों का प्रयोग किया गया है?)   (1×3 = 3)
    (ii) आप कहाँ रहते हैं (दिए गए वाक्य में किस विराम-चिह्न का प्रयोग किया जाएगा?)
    (iii) संयुक्त व्यंजन वाले दो शब्द लिखिए -

खंड-ग
प्रश्न-15   दिए गए पठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए (5x1=5)

विजय सिंह नाम का एक राजा था। वह अपनी प्रजा का बहुत ध्यान रखता था। एक बार वह तूफानी रात में घोड़े पर सवार होकर एक तंग-से रास्ते से जा रहा था। वह भेस बदले हुए था। मामूली कपड़े पहनकर साधारण जनता के बीच जाकर उनके हाल-चाल का पता लगाना उसका नियम था। एक रात राजा भेस बदल कर जा रहा था। तभी वर्षा होने लगी। कुछ ही देर में वह बिल्कुल भीग गया। परंतु उसे उसकी चिंता नहीं थी। उसे अँधेरे की भी परवाह नहीं थी। वह धीमे-धीमे लेकिन सावधानी से चल रहा था। उसके घोड़े का पीछा करते हुए डाकू भी चुपके-चुपके चले जा रहे थे। डाकू राजा के शानदार घोड़े पर हाथ साफ़ करना चाहते थे।

 (i) नीचे दिया गया प्रश्न दो कथनों को अभिकथन(A) और कारण (R) के रूप में चिह्नित किया गया है अपने उत्तर को नीचे दिए गए कोड के अनुसार चिह्नित कीजिए-
 अभिकथन(A) - राजू मामूली कपड़े पहनकर साधारण जनता के बीच जाता था।
 कारण   (R) - वह अपनी प्रजा का बहुत ध्यान रखता था।

 (क)   A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।

5

(ख)   A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और 'R', 'A' की सही व्याख्या है।

(ग)   A असत्य है पर R सत्य है।

(घ)   A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन 'R', 'A' की सही व्याख्या नहीं है।

(ii) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश किस पाठ से लिया गया है?

(iii) राजा कैसे रास्ते से घोड़े पर जा रहा था?

(iv) डाकू राजा का पीछा क्यों कर रहे थे ?

(v) राजा को किस परेशानी का सामना करना पड़ा जिसकी उसने परवाह नहीं की?

प्रश्न-16 नीचे दिए गए पठित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए

(5x1=5)

एक से एक मिले तो कतरा, बन जाता है दरिया,

एक से एक मिले तो ज़र्रा,बन जाता है सेहरा,

एक से एक मिले तो राई, बन सकती है परबत,

एक से एक मिले तो इंसाँ, बस में कर ले किस्मत,

साथी हाथ बढ़ाना।

(i) नीचे दिया गया प्रश्न दो कथनों को अभिकथन(A)और (R)के रूप में चिह्नित किया गया है अपने उत्तर को नीचे दिए गए कोड के अनुसार चिह्नित कीजिए।

(A) अभिकथन-राई के एक-एक दाने को मिलाकर पर्वत का निर्माण हो सकता है ।

(R) कारण- लेकिन संगठन में शक्ति नहीं है।

(क) A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है ।

(ख) A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और 'R', 'A' की सही व्याख्या है।

(ग) A असत्य है लेकिन R सत्य है ।

(घ) A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन 'R', 'A' की सही व्याख्या नहीं है।

(ii) 'साथी हाथ बढ़ाना' गीत के गीतकार कौन हैं?

(iii) किसके सहारे इंसान अपना भाग्य बना सकता है?

(iv) गीतकार कहाँ राहें पैदा करने की बात कह रहा है?

(v) राई का पर्वत कैसे बनता है?

प्रश्न - 17निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।   (2×4=8)

(क) महिपाल सिंह से मिलने के बाद लेखक के मस्तिष्क में कौन - से प्रश्न कौंधने लगे?

(ख) तीसरे नवयुवक ने राजा से क्या मांगा?

(ग) सुंदरलाल की आत्मग्लानि का क्या कारण था?

(घ) सज्जन व्यक्ति की तुलना रहीम ने किससे की है और क्यों?

(ङ) 'कोलम्' किसे कहते हैं? यह कैसे बनाया जाता है?

प्रश्न-18 निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से <u>किन्हीं चार</u> प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।   (3×4=12)

(क) सत्यपाल को चंचल ने अख़बार बेचने के किन उपायों के विषय में जानकारी दी?

(ख) त्योहार हमें आपस में जोड़ते हैं कैसे?

(ग) सुंदरलाल ने वृक्षों की कटाई रोकने के लिए कौन -कौन से कार्य किए?

(घ) रहीमजी ने अपनी पीड़ा मन में ही रखने के लिए क्यों कहा है ? यदि आपका मित्र अपना दुख बताता है तो आप क्या करेंगे ?

(ड़) पोंगल के त्योहार में क्या-क्या किया जाता है?

(खंड -घ)

प्रश्न-19 निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखिए।   (5)

'मेरी प्रिय ऋतु'

मुख्य बिन्दु - ऋतु का परिचय - नाम, महीना, मौसम

ऋतु का अनुभव - कैसा लगता है, मुख्य   त्योहार, भोजन

ऋतु का प्रभाव - वातावरण

या

'यदि मैं भारत का सैनिक होता/होती'

मुख्य बिन्दु - देशभक्ति - गुण - ईमानदारी, वीरता, दृढ़ निश्चयी।

बहादुरी - युद्ध का विवरण, भूमिका, अनुशासन।

समर्पण - देशसेवा, देशप्रेम।

प्रश्न -20 दिए गए विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर पत्र लिखिए।   (5)

प्रतियोगिता में प्रथम आने पर मित्र को बधाई देते हुए पत्र लिखिए।

या

अपनी किसी रोमांचक यात्रा के बारे में बताते हुए नानीजी को पत्र लिखिए।

प्रश्न-21   नीचे दिए गए विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर संवाद
लिखिए।   (5)

परीक्षा की तैयारी को लेकर दो छात्रों के बीच संवाद लिखिए।

या

पानी के उचित उपयोग को लेकर दो मित्रों के बीच संवाद लिखिए।

उत्तर संकेत

कक्षा – छठी

विषय -हिंदी

सत्र -2023-24

कुल अंक- 80

क्रम स.	संभावित उत्तर	निर्धारित अंक
	खंड- क (अपठित बोध)(10 अंक)	
1	I. (घ) A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R A की सही व्याख्या नहीं है । II. (ख) सही चुनाव करना III. (क) सजगता के साथ परिश्रम न करने वाले IV. (क) मित्र का चुनाव हमारी सफलता और असफलता पर निर्भर करता है। V. (घ) सच्चा मित्र सन्मार्ग पर ले जाता है कुमित्र पतन के गर्त में धकेल देता है ।	1 1 1 1 1
2	I. (क) (A) सत्य है तो R असत्य है । II. (ग) एक- दूसरे की सहायता III. . (घ) अच्छे लोगों की संगति में अच्छे कार्य करना IV. (ग) एक दूसरे की संगति का प्रभाव पड़ना V. (घ) एक दूसरे की मदद करके चलना चाहिए	1 1 1 1 1
	खंड –ख (व्याकरण)(25 अंक)	
3 (i)	(क) बचपन ख) वीरता ग) मिठास घ) ईमानदारी	2
4(i)	(ख) -तारे	1
(ii)	(घ) - मेले	1
5 (i)	(ग) - मालिन	1

(ii)	नारी	1
6 (i)	नीचा	1
(ii)	(क) - शाम	1
7 (i)	पंद्रह संपदा	1
(ii)	दोहरऊँगा कविताएँ	1
8 (i)	मैंने, तुम	1
(ii)	प्रश्नवाचक सर्वनाम	1
9 (i)	लंबे - गुणवाचक	1
(ii)	पाँच - संख्यावाचक	1
10 (i)	कार्य, कर्म	1
(ii)	आश्चर्य	1
11(i)	भू, भूमि	1
(ii)	मार्ग , पथ	1
12(i)	हार - पराजय, गले का हार	1
(ii)	उत्तर - दिशा , जवाब	1
13(i)	भविष्यत् काल भूतकाल	1

(ii)	बच्चे पार्क में खेल रहे थे	1
14(i)	(क) योजक चिह्न, पूर्ण विराम	1
(ii)	(ख) ?	1
(iii)	(ख) पुस्तक, पच्चीस	1

<div align="center">

खंड –ग (पाठ्य -पुस्तक)(30 अंक)

</div>

15	I. (ख) A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R A की सही व्याख्या है।	1
	II. अनोखा वरदान	1
	III. राजा तंग रास्ते से घोड़े पर जा रहा था।	1
	IV. डाकू राजा के घोड़े पर हाथ साफ़ करना चाहते थे	1
	V. राजा बारिश के कारण पूरा भीग गया परन्तु उसने इसकी परवाह नहीं की	1
16	I. (क) A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।	1
	II. साहिर लुधियानवी	1
	III. मेहनत की	1
	IV. चट्टानों में	1
	V. एक से एक मिलते चले जाने पर	1
17	(कोई चार) (क) "क्या वह लिखावट इसी आदमी की थी? क्या यह बाएँ हाथ से इतने सुंदर अक्षर लिखता है?" (ख) गाँव से शहर तक एक पक्की सड़क बनवा देने की इच्छा व्यक्त की ताकि उसके गाँववाले आसानी से सब्ज़ी-तरकारी तथा अन्य उत्पाद शहर में जाकर बेच सकें।	2 2 2 2

	(ग) बी.ए की परीक्षा देने नैनीताल जा रहा था ,मज़दूर बड़े पैमाने पर पेड़ों की कटाई कर रहे थे। ,पेड़ की उपयोगिता बताते हुए पेड़ों की कटाई बंद करने को कहा ,उन्हें न रोक पाना ही सुंदरलाल की आत्मग्लानि का कारण था।	
	(घ)सज्जन व्यक्ति की तुलना रहीम ने वृक्ष और तालाब से की है। सज्जन व्यक्ति ज़रूरतमंदों की मदद करने के लिए धन का संचय करते हैं।	
	(ड़)'कोलम्' सुंदर-सुंदर आकृतियाँ होती हैं जिसे फ़र्श पर नए चावल के आटे से पोंगल के शुभ अवसर पर बनाया जाता है।	
18	**(कोई चार)** **(क)** चंचल ने सत्यपाल को अखबार फटाफट बेचने का तरीका बताते हुए कहा कि दो-चार चटपटी खबरें जोर-जोर से दुहराओ और छोटी-मोटी चोरी की खबरों को नमक-मिर्च लगाकर बड़ी खबर बना दो। इस तरह तुम्हारे अख़बार जल्दी ही बिक जाएँगे। **(ख)** त्योहार के समय में देश-विदेश में काम करने वाले लोग अपने-अपने गाँव लौट आते हैं। इस दिन लोग अपने पुरानी शत्रुता भूल कर मित्र बन जाते हैं। त्योहार खुशियों का प्रतीक होने के कारण ये हमें आपस में जोड़ते हैं। **(ग)**सुंदर लाल ने वृक्षों की कटाई को रोकने के लिए गाँव-गाँव जाकर सभाओं का आयोजन किया लोगों को पेड़ों से होने वाले लाभों के बारे में बताया। पेड़ों की कटाई रोकने के लिए सरकार को पत्र लिखा। 'तरु-रक्षण एवं वृक्षारोपण संस्थान' का गठन किया तथा चिपको आंदोलन की शुरुआत भी की। **(घ)**रहीम जी ने अपनी पीड़ा को मन में ही रखने के लिए इसलिए कहा है क्योंकि लोग आपके दुःख का मजाक तो बना देते है परन्तु उसे बाँटने वाला कोई नहीं मिलता । यदि मेरा मित्र मुझे अपना दुःख बताता है तो मैं उसे अपने तक हो रखता हूँ और उसे बांटने का प्रयास करता हूँ। **(ड़)** पोंगल के त्योहार में कई गतिविधियाँ की जाती है - 1) घरों की सफाई कर पुराणी वस्तुओं की होली से जलाई जाती है। 2) चावल के आटे सुन्दर आकृतियाँ बनाई जाती है। 3) शर्करई पोंगल नमक स्वादिष्ट व्यंजन बनाया जाता है। 4) सूर्यदेव की पूजा की जाती है।	**3** **3** **3** **3**	

	5) माटू पोंगल में पशुओं के प्रति कृतज्ञता प्रकट की जाती है।	
	रचनात्मक लेखन (15 अंक)	
19	भूमिका -2 विषयवस्तु -2 भषायी शुद्धता -1	5
20	प्रारूप संबंधी औपचारिकताएँ -2 विषय वस्तु -2 भाषायी शुद्धता -1	5
21	प्रस्तुति -2 विचारों की मौलिकता -2 विषयवस्तु भाषा -1	5
	कुल अंक	80

MATHS

Time allowed: 3 hours   Maximum Marks: 80

General instructions:
1. This question paper has sections A-E.
2. Section A: (Q1-Q12) has 12 MCQs carrying 1 mark each.
3. Section B: (Q13-Q20) has 8 questions carrying 2 marks each.
4. Section C: (Q21-Q28) has 8 questions carrying 3 marks each.
5. Section D: (Q29-Q32) has 4 questions carrying 5 marks each.
6. Section E: (Q33-Q34) has two case-based integrated units of assessment (4 marks each) with sub-parts of values of 1,1 and 2 marks each respectively.
7. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks questions of Section E and internal choice of 2 questions in Sections B, C and D.
8. Draw neat figures wherever required.

SECTION A

Q1. 6 x (7 +3) = (6 x 7) + (6 x 3). This statement shows that multiplication of whole numbers is _____ over addition.
  a) distributive
  b) commutative
  c) associative
  d) identity

Q2. Shikha is rowing a boat in the north- east direction. In which direction will she row if she turns it through a straight angle?
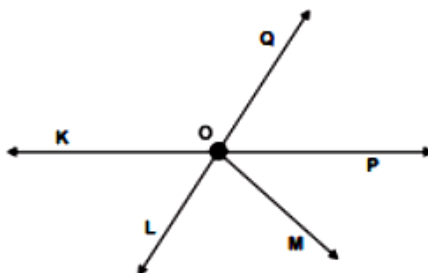 a) North- west
  b) South-West
  c) South
  d) West

Q3. Number of lines passing through five points such that no three of them are collinear are:
  a) 10
  b) 5
  c) 20
  d) 8

Q4. What is the value of $(-10)^3 \div (-10)$?
  a) 10
  b) −10
  c) 100
  d) −100

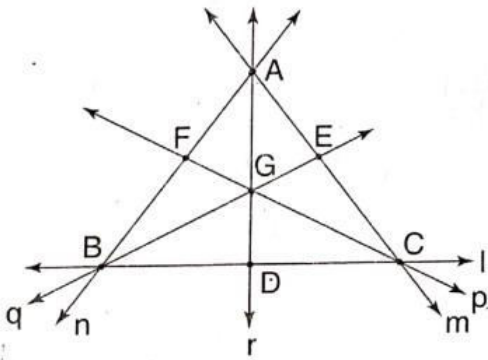**Q5.** How many pairs of linear pairs in the given figure?

  a) 4
  b) 8
  c) 10
  d) 6

Q6. The pair of integers whose sum is –5:
  a) 1, –4
  b) −1, 6
  c) −3, –2
  d) 5, 0

1

Q7. The following pictograph shows the number of girls in five classes.

Class	
	Number of Girls in classes ☺ = 5 girls
5th	☺ ☺ ☺
6th	☺ ☺ ☺ ☺
7th	☺ ☺ ☺ ☺ ☺
8th	☺ ☺ ☺ ☺
9th	☺ ☺ ☺ ☺ ☺ ☺

What is the total number of girls in Classes 6 and 7?
a) 35   b) 9   c) 45   d) 25

Q8. If 'm' and 'n' are two co-primes, then their LCM is _____.
a) m × n   b) m + n   c) m ÷ n   d) 1

Q9. The number of whole numbers between the smallest whole number and the greatest 2- digit whole number is _____.
a) 98   b) 88   c) 99   d) 100

Q10. Which of the following numbers is a perfect number?
a) 12   b) 28   c) 8   d) 16

In the following questions, Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R) have been put forward. Read both the statements carefully and choose the alternative option:
a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true but R is false.
d) A is false but R is true.

Q11. Assertion(A): If the LCM of two integers 26 and 91 is 182, then HCF (26, 91) = 13.
Reason(R): LCM × [Product of two integers] =HCF.

Q12. Assertion (A): (-8) + (-4) < (-8) - (-4)
Reason (R) : -12< -4

SECTION B

Q13. Find the greatest number which divides 285 and 1249, leaving remainder 9 and 7 respectively.

Q14. Two angles form a linear pair. If the measure of one angle is five times the measure of the other, find the measures of the two angles.

Q15. In the given figure, name:

(a) the lines concurrent at point A
(b) collinear points lying on the line q
(c) two pairs of intersecting lines
(d) a pair of perpendicular lines

Q16. While writing Roman Numerals, Rohan wrote 99 as IC. Point out his mistake and write the correct form. Justify your answer by giving appropriate reasons.

OR

Q16. A student multiplied 7236 by 65 instead of multiplying by 56. By how much was his answer greater than the correct answer? Use a suitable property of whole numbers.

Q17. The population of Delhi State in different census years is as given below:

Census year	1961	1971	1981	1991	2001
Population in Lakhs	30	55	70	110	150

Represent the above information with the help of a bar graph.

Q18. Find the value by using distributive property.

$$3845 \times 5 \times 782 + 769 \times 25 \times 218$$

Q19. The state government of Himachal has issued the following numbers for the cars, purchased in the month of October 2021.

HP 20-C 1416   HP 20-C 1832   HP 20-C 1839
HP 20-C 1297   HP 20-C 1196   HP 20-C 2000

To promote sales, the selling company has offered to pay the registration fee on behalf of the buyer of the car provided the last four digits of his/her car number are divisible by four. Which car numbers will benefit by this offer?

OR

Q19. Identify the value of 'y' in the number 829y7 so that the number is divisible by 11.

Q20. Draw a figure and label suitably in each of the following cases:
  a) line *l* contains points E and F but not D.
  b) lines XY and PQ intersect at M.

SECTION C

Q21. Evaluate: (–36) – 40 + 43 – (–29) + 18 – (–74)

3

Q22. The temperature on a certain morning is -11°C at 5 a. m. If the temperature drops 3 degrees at 6 a.m. and rises 5 degrees at 8 a.m. and again drops 3 degrees at 9 a.m. What is the temperature at 9am?

Q23. In the figure given below, transversal 'n' intersects lines 'l' and 'm'. Observe the figure and name the following angles:
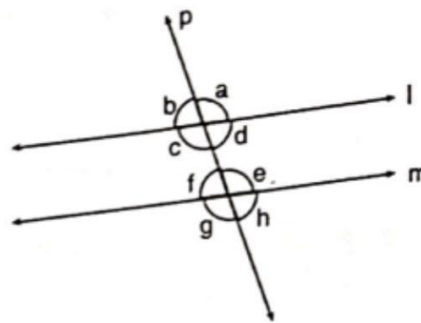
a) angle alternate to ∠d
b) angle alternate to ∠g
c) angle corresponding to ∠f
d) angle corresponding to ∠h
e) one interior angle
f) one exterior angle
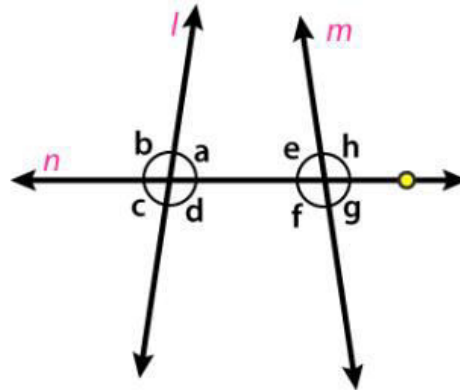
OR

Q23. In the given figure, lines 'l' and 'm' are intersected by a transversal 'p'. Identify the following angles.

a) all the exterior angles
b) two pairs of alternate interior angles
c) two pairs of corresponding angles

Q24. The diagram shows the set of numbers:

2		31		17	
	4		15		29
1		22		18	

(a) List any two prime numbers in the given box.
(b) Identify two numbers that are co-prime with 22.
(c) Identify a pair of twin prime numbers.

Q25. Mark four points A, B, C and D on your sheet such that no three of them are collinear. Draw all the lines which join them in pairs and answer the following questions:
    a) How many such lines can be drawn?
    b) Write the names of these lines.
    c) Name the lines which are concurrent at point A.

4

Q26. In an election 23875501 votes were polled. There were three candidates in the election. Two of them got 9823823 and 11575923 votes respectively. How many votes were polled in favour of the third candidate?
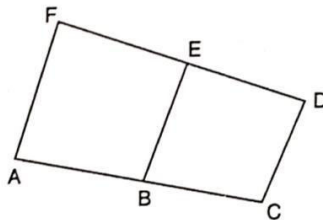
<div align="center">OR</div>

Q26. Priya bought 24 kg potatoes and 24 kg onions. The cost of potatoes is ₹23 per kg and the cost of onions is ₹27 per kg. Find the total cost incurred by Priya.

Q27. In the given figure, lines AB and CD intersect at O. If ∠AOC + ∠BOE = 70° and ∠BOD = 40°, find the measure of ∠COE and ∠BOE.
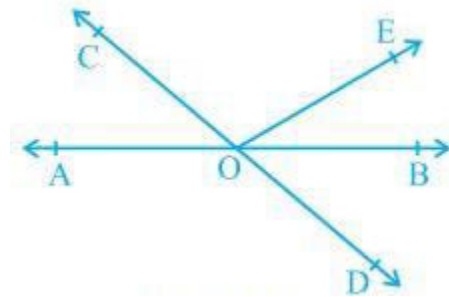
Q28. Do as directed:
  a) Name any 2 transversals to the segments AC and FD.

  b) How many pairs of alternate angles are there? Name them.
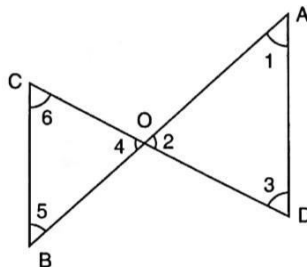
<div align="center">**SECTION D**</div>

Q29. The LCM of two numbers is 12 times their HCF. The sum of the HCF and LCM is 403. If one number is 93, then find the other.

<div align="center">OR</div>

Q29. Four bells toll at intervals of 4, 7, 12 and 84 seconds. The bells toll together at 5 o'clock. When will they again toll together? How many times will they do it in 28 minutes?

Q30. In a class test containing 25 questions, 4 marks are given for every correct answer and (2) marks are given for every wrong answer. A student attempts all questions and 20 of his answers are correct. What is the total score of a student?

Or

Q30. A cement company gains Rs. 12 per bag of white cement sold and gets a loss of Rs. 8 per bag of grey cement sold.
   a) If the company sells 3500 bags of white cement and 5000 bags of grey cement in a month, find the gain or loss.
   b) If the number of grey cement bags sold is 6000, how many bags of white cement should the company sell to have neither gain or loss?

Q31. Answer the following questions:

   a) A bicycle wheel makes four and a half turns. Find the number of right angles through which it turns. Give reason for your answer.

   b) In the adjoining figure, name the following pairs of angles.
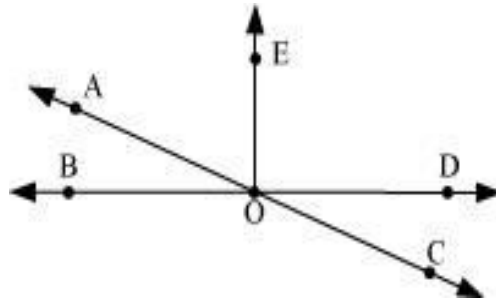
i.	Obtuse vertically opposite angles	iv.	Unequal supplementary angles
ii.	Adjacent complementary angles	v.	Adjacent angles that do not form a linear
iii.	Equal supplementary angles		pair

Q32. The result of a Mathematics test is as follows:

   80, 90, 70, 80, 80, 60, 80, 70, 90, 65, 100, 60, 70, 60, 70, 85, 65, 70, 70, 85, 90, 60, 65, 80, 60

Make a frequency table for the above data and answer the following questions:
   a) What are the maximum marks obtained?
   b) How many students score less than 75 marks?
   c) How many students scored 80 marks or above?
   d) How many students appeared in the test?

SECTION E

Q33. To help flood victims, an NGO with 343 members decided to arrange a common kitchen for them. They have been issued identity cards numbered 1 to 343. The members with identity card numbers as a multiple of 7 have been asked to bring 5kg rice each. The remaining members have been asked to bring lentil 2kg each. Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

6

(i) The quantity of rice collected is:

    a) 345 kg   c) 200 kg
    b) 245 kg   d) 102 kg

(ii) The members with card number as first seven multiples of 7 have been assigned duly to meet the emergency needs of the children, in the flood hit area. Three members from this duty list are:

    a) 3,10, 17   c) 7,12,19
    b) 14,20,27   d) 21, 28, 49

(iii) To address the health needs of the victims, the member with card number as HCF of numbers 14 and 42 has been made in charge. Find his card number.

<p style="text-align:center">OR</p>

(iii) Calculate the quantity of lentils collected.

Q34. To encourage car owners to use public transport, the state government has come up with the following plan:
A: If a person uses public transport for a minimum of 15 days in a month, he gets Rs. 200 as award money.
B: If a person uses a personal car for a minimum of 15 days a month, Rs. 150 is deducted as fine from his account for that month.
Hari is a bank employee. He went to the office by public transport for 23 days each, in the months of November and January. Vimukh Jain, being an electricity employee, used his car for 19 days, 18 days and 16 days to go to his office, in the months of December, June and August respectively. Vimukh Jain went to his office for 17 days by public transport in the month of March.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

(i) The prize money earned by Hari is
    a) Rs. 600   c) Rs. 400
    b) Rs. 700   d) Rs. 800

(ii) Money deducted from the account of Vimukh Jain is
    a) Rs. 200   c) Rs. 750
    b) Rs. 450   d) Rs. 600

(iii) Rohan initially had a balance of Rs. 2000 in his account. He used his personal car from December to March. What will be the balance in his account by the end of March?

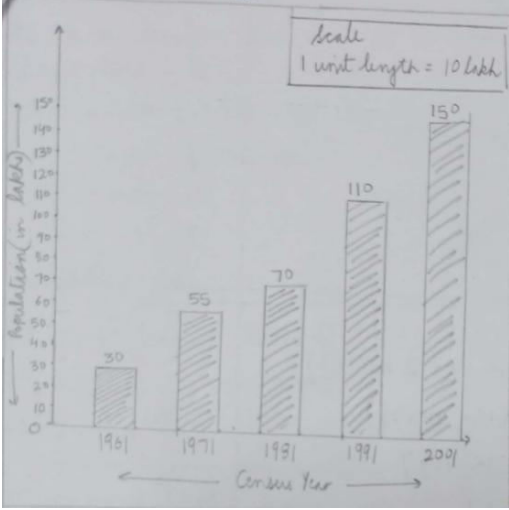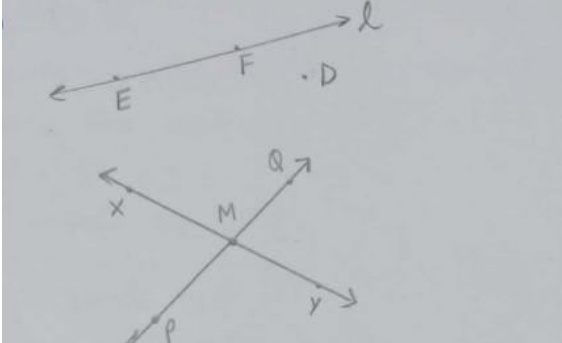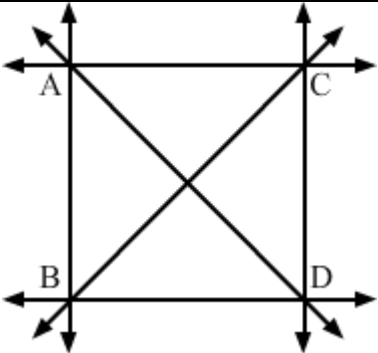<p style="text-align:center">OR</p>

(iii) Payal used public transport to go to her office in the months of December, January and February. From March to June, she used her personal car. What amount of money did she earn/lose from December to June?

<p style="text-align:center">*********************</p>

S.No.	Value Points	Marks allotted to each value point	Total marks
	Section A		
1.	Distributive	1	1
2.	South-West	1	1
3.	10	1	1
4.	100	1	1
5.	6	1	1
6.	-3,-2	1	1
7	45	1	1
8.	m × n	1	1
9.	98	1	1
10.	28	1	1
11.	A is true but R is false	1	1
12.	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A	1	1
	SECTION B		2
13.	285 – 9 = 276 1249 – 7 = 1242 276=2×2×3×23 1242=2×3×3×3×23 HCF of 276 and 1242 = 2×3×23 = 138 The required greatest number which divides 285 and 1249 leaving remainders 9 and 7 respectively is 138.	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	
14	First angle = x Second angle =5x X+5x=180(Linear pair) 6x=180 X= 30 Second angle = 150	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2
15	a) Lines n, r, m a) B,G,E b) (n and p) , (m and q) – Answers may vary c) r is perpendicular to l	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2

16	Rohan wrote 99 incorrectly because the symbol I can be subtracted from V and X only.	1	2
	Correct form = XCIX	1	
	Or		
	Difference = 7236*65-7236*56	0.5	
	= 7236(65-56)	0.5	
	= 7236(4)	0.5	
	= 65,124	0.5	
17.		2	2
18.	3845*5*782+769*25*218		2
	19225*782+19225*218	0.5	
	19225(782+218)	0.5	
	19225(1000)	0.5	
	19225000	0.5	
19.	Following cars will be benefitted-		2
	Hp 20 C 1416, Hp 20C 1832,	1	
	Hp 20 C 1196, Hp 20 C 2000	1	
	Or		
	829x7		
	8+2+9=24	0.5	
	X+2		
	22 is the nearest multiple of 11.	0.5	
	24-(x+2) =22	0.5	
	24-x-2=22	0.5	
	X=0		
20		1	2
		1	
21.	(−36) − 40 + 43 − (−29) + 18 − (−74)	1	3
	= -36 − 40 + 43 + 29 + 18 + 74	1	
	= -76 + 164	1	
	= 88		

22	Temperature of 5 am= -11 C Temperature at 6 am = -11C – 3C= -14 C Temperature at 8am= -14 C+ 5 C =- 9C Temperature at 9 am = -9C -3C = -12C	 1 1 1	3
23.	a) ∠e b) ∠b c) ∠c d) ∠a e) ∠d or ∠a or ∠f or ∠e (any 1) f) ∠c or ∠b or ∠g or ∠h (any 1) OR a) ∠b, ∠a, ∠g, ∠h b) (∠c, ∠e) and (∠d, ∠f) c) (∠b, ∠f) and (∠c, ∠g) – Answer may vary	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 1 1 1	3
24.	a. 2,31,17,29 b. 31,15,17,29 c. 29,31	1 1 1	3
25.	 a) 6 lines b) Answer may vary c) Answer may vary	1 1 0.5 0.5	3
26.	Total Votes= 2,38,75,501 Votes for candidate 1 = 93,23,,823 Votes for candidate 2= 1,15,75,923 Votes for candidates 3= 2,38,75,501-(93,23,823+1,15,75,923) = 2,38,75,501-2,13,99,746 = 24,75,755 Or Quantity of Potatoes = 24 Kg Cost of 1Kg Potatoes = Rs. 23 Cost of 24 Kg Potatoes = 24* 23 Quantity of onions= 24 Kg Cost of 1 Kg Onions= Rs. 27 Cost of 24 Kg Onions= 24* 27 Total Cost = Rs 23*24 + 27*24 = Rs. 24(23+27) = Rs 24* 50 = Rs. 1200	 1 1 1 1 1 1	3
27.	∠COE + ∠AOC + ∠BOE = 180° (Angles on a straight line) ∠COE + 70° = 180° ∠COE = 180° - 70° = 110°	0.5 0.5 0.5	3

	∠COE + ∠BOE + ∠BOD = 180° 110° + ∠BOE + 40° = 180° 150° + ∠BOE = 180° ∠BOE = 180° - 150° = 30°	0.5 0.5 0.5	
28.	a. AF,EB,DC b. 2 Pairs: Angle 6 and 3 Angle 5 and 1	1 2	3
29.	**SECTION D** Let the HCF be x LCM= 12x X+12x= 403 13x = 403 X= 31 HCF= 31 and LCM = 12*31= 372 Let the second number be y Product of numbers = HCF * LCM 93*y= 31*372 Y = 124 OR LCM of 4, 7, 12 and 84 = 84 The bells will toll together after every 84 seconds. The first time if they toll together at 5 o'clock, then they will again toll together at 84 seconds past 5 o'clock, that is at 1 min 24 seconds past 5 o'clock 28 minutes = 28 × 60 seconds = 1680 seconds No. of times they will toll together in 1680 seconds = 1680 ÷ 84 = 20	0.5 0.5 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1	5

30.	Marks given for one correct answer = 4
	So, Marks given for 20 correct answers= 4 *20= 80
	Marks given for one incorrect answer= -2
	So, Marks given for 5= 25-20(incorrect answers)
	= (-2)*5= - 10
	Students total score is 80 – 10 = 70
	
	OR
	
	   a) Gain on 3500 white cement bags = Rs 12 × 3500 = Rs. 42000
	       Loss on 5000 grey cement bags = Rs. 8 × 5000 = Rs. 40,000
	       Net gain = Rs. 2000
	
	   b) Loss on 6000 grey cement bags = Rs. 8 × 6000 = Rs. 48,000
	       No. of white cement bags that should be sold = 48,000 ÷ 12 = 400
		1
		1
		1
		1
		1
		
		`1
		
		1
		
		0.5
		
		1
		
		1.5
			5

31	a) We Know that the wheel of a bicycle cover 360 in one tier
	= 360/90 = 4 right angles
	    4 and a half times the wheel turns by 4(4.5) = 18 right angle
	    b) 1. AOD,BOC
		
		1.5	

	2. EOA, AOB 3. EOD, EOB 4. EOA, EOC 5.AOB and AOE, AOE and EOD, EOD and COD	0.5 each	

32.	Students will draw frequency distribution table (Tally marks)
	   a) Maximum marks = 100
	   b) 5+3+6= 14 students obtained less than 75
	   c) 5+2+3+1 = 11 students obtained less than 80 or above 20
	   d) Total 25 students appeared in the test.
		3
		0.5
		0.5
		
		0.5
		
		0.5
			5

33.	**SECTION E**
	
	   1. 245 Kg
	   2. 21,28,49
	   3. HCF of 14 and 42 is 14.
	      Card number 14
	      Or
	Number of members with multiples of 7 = 49
	Remaining numbers = 343-49= 294
	Lentils collected = = 294*2 = 588Kg
		
		1
		1
		1
		
		0.5
		0.5
		1
			4

34.	1. Rs 600
	2. Rs 200
	3. Rohan had balance = Rs. 2000
	Sum Deducted from December to march= 4* 150
	           = 600
	Balance at the end of march = 2000-600
	                = 1400
	
	Or
	Meney Added in account due to use of public transport= 3*200= 600
	Money deducted from march to June = 4* 150
	             = 600
	She did not earn or lose from December to June.
		1
		1
		1
		
		1
		
		2
		
		2
			4

****

SCIENCE

CLASS 6
SESSION 2023-24
SCIENCE
SAMPLE PAPER TERM 1

TIME: 3 HOURS   **MM: 80**

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:
(1) This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 Sections.
(2) All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. Attempt only one of these questions.
(3) Draw diagrams with pencil and label on the right side only.
(4) Give examples wherever possible.
(5) Attempt the sub-parts of a question together.
(6) Q.1-19 in Section A are Multiple Choice questions and carry 1 mark each.
(7) Q. 20-25 in Section B are very short answer type questions and carry 2 marks
(8) Q 26-31 in Section C are short answer type questions and carry 3 marks.
(9) Q. 32-34 in Section D are long answer type questions and carry 5 marks.
(10)Q.35-38 in Section E are case / source based questions and carry 4 marks

SECTION A (1 MARK)

Q1. Which among the following is a Biotic component of the environment?
   i)   Sunlight   ii) soil   iii) microorganisms   iv) temperature

Q2. It is a primary consumer
   i)   Leopard   ii) deer   iii) wild cat   iv) shark

Q3. Grouping of materials having similar properties
   i)   Classification   ii) mixing   iii) saturation   iv) dissolution

Q4. On increasing the temperature , the solubility of a gas
   i)   Increases   ii) decreases   iii) remains same   iv) does not change

Q5. Sahil's mother put some naphthalene balls while packing her woollen clothes. Sahil observed that the naphthalene balls disappeared the next year when his mother took out her woollen clothes. What is the process of disappearing naphthalene balls called?
   i)   sedimentation   ii) loading   iii) sublimation iv) crystallization

Q6. Different components are given in the following list. Identify their method of separation and choose the correct option
   i)   tea leaves from tea   ii) butter from milk
   iii) sand from water   iv) paneer from milk

   a) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) by filtration
   b) (i) , (iii) and (iv) by filtration
   c) (ii) and (iv) by sedimentation
   d) (i) , (iii) and (iv) by churning

Q7. Gatik and Mohan started walking from their house to reach their friend Ishaan's house. Gatik covered a distance of 4Km and Mohan covered a distance of 6 Km but they both took the same time. Which among the following statements is correct for the given situation?

    i)   Mohan covers a longer distance with a lower speed as compared to Gatik

    ii)   Gatik covers a shorter distance with a higher speed as compared to Mohan

    iii)   Mohan covers a longer distance with a higher speed as compared to Gatik

    iv)   Gatik covers a longer distance with a lower speed as compared to Mohan

Q8. An athlete needs to monitor his performance accurately on the track field. Which type of clock should he use?

    a) analog watch   c) sand clock

    b) stopwatch   d) pendulum clock.

Q9. Identify the mode of reproduction in the following organism
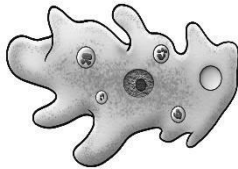
    i)   By giving direct birth to its young ones

    ii)   By laying eggs

    iii)   By splitting of vegetative parts

    iv)   By dividing its cell

Q10. An apple tree belongs to which of the categories?

    i)   Annual and Mesophyte   c) Biennial and Mesophyte

    ii)   Perennial and Mesophyte   d) Biennial and Hydrophyte

Q11. The tip of a shoot system tends to move towards

    i)   Gravity

    ii)   Light

    iii)   Heat

    iv)   Sound

**Q12. Observe the relationship between the following and choose the correct option**

1) dodder	a) Provide support
2) vertebrate	b) parrot
3) prop root	c) sucking roots
4) frugivore	d) lizard

    i)   1-d , 2-a, 3- c, 4-b

    ii)   1-c, 2-b , 3-d, 4-a

    iii)   1- b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c

    iv)   1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-b

Q13. The point on stem from where a leaf or branch arises

    i)   Petiole   ii) pedicel   iii) node   iv) internode

Q14. The type of reflection shown in the below given figure is
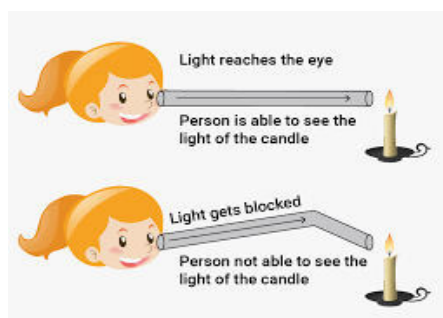

miror
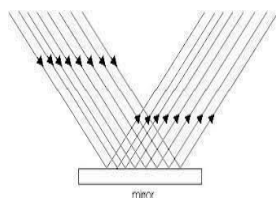
   i)   Regular   ii) irregular   iii) lustrous   ii) diffused

Q15.The one thing that is incorrect about shadows is:
   i)   Shadows are black in colour
   ii)   Shadow formation requires a screen
   iii)   Shadow formation does not require a source of light
   iv)   Shadows can be of different shapes and sizes

Q16. The property of light shown in the following picture is

   i)   Circular propagation of light   c) Rectilinear propagation of light
   ii)   Rotational propagation of light   d) Revolutionary propagation of light

(Q17 to Q20 are Assertion Reason type questions. Choose the correct option for each) The options are:

   a. Both Assertion and Reason are true and the Reason is the correct explanation of the Assertion.
   b. Both Assertion and Reason are true but Reason is not the correct explanation of the Assertion.
   c. Assertion is true but the Reason is false.
   d. Assertion is false but the Reason is true.

Q17. Assertion (A): The march past of soldiers in a parade is a rectilinear motion.

   Reason (R):   Rectilinear motion is the motion in a straight line.

Q18. Assertion (A): Parasitic roots of the banyan tree help it to stand erect.

   Reason (R): The roots of banyan trees are aerial.

Q19. Assertion (A): We close our eyes when an object is suddenly thrown in our direction.

Reason (R): All living things respond to external stimuli.

SECTION B (2 MARKS)

Q20. Ramesh saw his grandfather sprinkling water in front of his house on a hot summer afternoon.

    (a) State the reason for his grandfather's action. Also, name the process involved here.

    (b) Define the above process.

Q21. The rate of diffusion of liquids into liquids and gases into gases varies from each other. Justify.

Q22. Distinguish between Periodic and Non- Periodic motion. Give one example for each type of motion.

Q23. List four characteristics of living organisms.

Q24. Describe any 2 leaf modifications with suitable examples for each modified leaf.

Q25. Three torches A, B and C as shown in figure given below are switched ON one by one . The light from which of the torches will not form a shadow of the ball on the screen? Why?
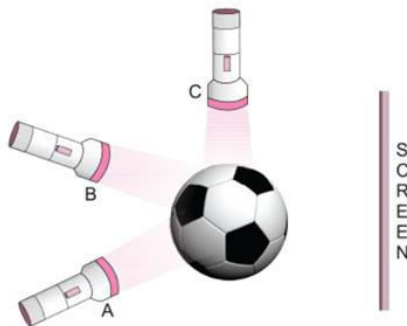
SECTION C (3 MARKS)

Q26. Give reason :
i)camels can live without water for many days
ii)decomposition of dead organisms is useful
iii)few plants are able to survive in deep waters

Q27. How can you distinguish between the following pairs of substances?
i)a wooden cork and a piece of Iron
ii)a glass window pane and a thick plastic door
iii)chalk powder and sugar

Q28. Mention the method of separation that can be used for the following mixtures:
a) mustard oil and water
b) cream from milk
c) pebbles from rice
d) grains from wheat stalks
e) insoluble heavy impurities from the river water
f) iron objects from garbage in junkyard

Q29. i) The distance between Aditi's home and Devika's home is 155 Kilometres. Calculate this distance in metres.

ii) A meter scale is broken between the length 2 cm and 3 cm.
   (a) The length of a line segment measured by keeping its one end at 4 cm is found to be 12.8 cm. Find the actual length of the line segment.
   (b) List any one precaution to be taken while measuring any given length using a scale/ruler

Q30. Classify plants on the basis of their habitat.
                            OR
      Classify animals on the basis of their backbone

Q31. A) Jagrit is standing at a distance of 5m in front of a plane mirror. He moves 2m towards the plane mirror. Calculate the total distance between Jagrit and his image in the plane mirror. Will his image appear on a screen placed between him and the plane mirror?

B) Draw a well labelled diagram of Lunar Eclipse.

SECTION D (5 MARKS)

Q32. a) Draw a Food Chain with minimum four organsims .
b) Depict a block diagram to show the relationship between Biotic and Abiotic components of environment.
c) What is rainwater harvesting? Suggest one method of saving water in your homes.

Q33. Aakash mixed camphor, sand and iron filings by mistake. He wants to separate all the components.
(a)Which component of the above mixture can be separated using a bar magnet? What is this method called?
(b) How can the method of sublimation be used to separate the components of the above mixture? Explain the process with the help of a well labeled diagram.

Q34.a) Describe an activity to show that stem transports water and minerals to the plant.
b) Define Pollination
c) List two functions of a fruit.

                            OR

(a) As a part of Science activity, Avi put a bunch of white roses in the vase containing red coloured water. After 4-5 days, he observed the same.
      (i)What would be Avi's observations after 4-5 days?
      (ii)What does this observation indicate?
     (iii)How does a stem respond to gravity and light?

   (b)   Highlight the significance of following stem modifications:
      i) Tendrils
      ii) fleshy and green stem of cactus

Answer any four questions in each case study.

Q35. Atharv, a performer, creates a variety of fascinating figures of birds, animals, monuments, personalities, etc. by moving and positioning his fingers in front of a white screen. The audience was mesmerized by his talent.

i) Name the phenomena of light that the audience experiences on the screen during the talent show by Atharv.
ii) Along with the screen where the fascinating figures can be observed, Atharv required two more things for the display. Name these two other essential things.
iii) What shall be the colour of the figures on the screen?
iv) What difference would occur if Atharv replaced the screen with a plane mirror?
v) Suggest one example where this phenomenon can be observed in nature on celestial bodies.

Q36. Rohan and his sister Priya were playing in their room. Suddenly they got distracted by the aroma of vegetable pulao that their mother was cooking in the kitchen. They both ran towards the kitchen to eat their favourite pulao.

i)   Name the process through which the aroma reaches from one place to another.
ii)   Define the process.
iii)   What causes the movement of particles from one place to another as shown above?
iv)   Give one more real life example of the above process.
v)   Name the state of matter in which the rate of the above process is maximum.

Q37. The plants that grow in the desert need very small amounts of water for their survival. They have long roots and bear thin and spiny leaves.

i) Name the type of plants that grow in deserts.

ii) Why do such plants have long roots?

iii) State the reason behind their thin and spiny leaves.

iv) Give two examples of such plants.

v) Lotus cannot grow in the desert. Justify the statement

Q38. Rohan writes his name on a piece of paper and gets puzzled to see his name as he tried to read it while standing before a plane mirror.

   a) Write the name of the phenomenon observed by Rohan in a plane mirror.
   b) What should be the mirror image of the name 'ROHAN'?
   c) Write any one real life situation where one can observe the same phenomenon.
   d) List any two differences between an image formed by a plane mirror and a shadow.

ANSWER KEY
SAMPLE PAPER
SCIENCE
CLASS 6 (2023-24)

S.NO	VALUE POINTS	MARKS ALLOTED
1	microorganisms	1
2	deer	1
3	classification	1
4	decreases	1
5	sublimation	1
6	Option b	1
7	Option iii	1
8	stopwatch	1
9	iv)by dividing its cell	1
10	Perennial and mesophyte	1
11	light	1
12	Option 4	`1
13	node	1
14	regular	1
15	Option iii	1
16	c) rectilinear propagation of light	1
17	Option a	1
18	Option d	1
19	Option a	1
20	a)He sprinkled water to load the dust particles so that they do not float in air . The process is called loading b)speeding up the rate of sedimentation by making light , suspended particles heavier using suitable chemicals.	2
21	Rate of diffusion of liquids into liquids is slower than that of diffusion of gases into gases because particles in a liquid are not so free to move as they are in gases.	2
22	Periodic motion is the motion which repeats itself after regular interval of time. Eg motion of hands of a clock Non periodic motion which either does not repeat itself or does the repetitions in random irregular manner. Eg a ball rolled on floor	2
23	Living organisms are made up of cells They need food and water to grow They reproduce They have a definite life span	2
24	Leaf spine in cactus – the leaves are reduced to spines to prevent loss of water from the plant and protect the plant from grazing animals Leaf modified for reproduction- the leaves have buds which develop into a new plant	2
25	The light from torch C will not form a shadow because there is no screen placed in front of ball kept near torch C	2
26	i)camels do not have sweat glands which helps in reducing the loss of water from their body. So they can live without water for many days ii) decomposition of dead organisms converts dead and decaying matter into minerals which mixes with the soil and is helpful for plant growth. Also decomposition helps in cleaning the environment and makes space for other living organisms. iii)the amount of light reaching the plants decreases with increase in depth of water. So, few plants are able to survive in deep waters	3

27	i)wooden cork –floats, iron piece – sinks ii)glass window pane –transparent, thick plastic door- opaque iii)chalk powder – insoluble, sugar - soluble	3
28	a)separating funnel method d) threshing b)centrifugation e)sedimentation and decantation c)handpicking f)magnetic separation	3

29	i)155 x 1000 m = 155000 m
	ii) a) initial reading= 4cm
	          final reading = 12.8 cm
	           Actual reading = 12.8cm -4cm = 8.8 cm
	b) the zero mark of the scale should coincide with one end of the length to be measured
		3

30	Plant classification on the basis of habitat Mesophytes – such plants grow on land and need moderate amount of water for their growth. They have medium sized roots eg mango tree Xerophytes – they grow in deserts , have long roots and need very small amount of water eg cactus Hydrophytes- need maximum amount of water and grow in water. They have small or no roots eg water lily OR Animals are classified as Vertebrates and invertebrates on the basis of their backbone (for details refer pg 114)	3
31	A) 6m , No his image will not appear on a screen placed between him and the plane mirror B) Lunar eclipse diagram on pg 193	1+2
32	a) Any one food chain of four organisms b) Block diagram to show relationship between biotic and abiotic components on pg 10 c) The collection and storage of rainwater for future use is called rainwater harvesting. We can save water in our homes by repairing the leaked taps	1+2+2
33	a)iron fillings , method is magnetic separation b)camphor can be separated by sublimation method diagram on pg 55 (sublimation method)	2+3

34	a)activity 4 on pg 128
	b)the transfer of pollen grains from anther to stigma
	c)fruit is the edible part of a flower, fruits help in seed dispersal
	                         OR
	
	a)i) the coloured water has transported to all parts of rose plant
	ii)it indicates that stem transports water and minerals to all plant parts
	ii)stem always grows towards light and away from gravity
	
	b) i)stem tendrils help provide support to plants
	   ii) fleshy green stem in cactus manufactures food
		2+1+2

35	i)shadow formation ii) light source and opaque objects iii)black iv) instead of shadow images of his fingers will form on the plane mirror v)solar and lunar eclipse (any 4 to be answered)	4
36	i)diffusion ii)the property of mixing of particles of two materials on their own is called diffusion iii)the heat energy provided to food while cooking causes movement of particles iv)fragrance of agarbatti (incense stick) when lighted up spreads in the room	4

	v)rate of diffusion is fastest in gas	
37	i)xerophytes ii)to go deep into the ground to absorb water iii)thin spiny leaves protect the plant from grazing animals and help prevent loss of water iv)cactus and babool v)lotus is an aquatic plant and needs large amount of water to grow	4
38	i)Lateral Inversion ii) laterally inverted alphabets of word ROHAN to be written iii)in ambulances the word AMBULANCE is written as its mirror image iv) any two differences between image formed in plane mirror and a shadow as on pg 197	4

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time Allowed: 3 Hours   **Maximum Marks: 80**

General Instructions :

i. Question paper comprises Six Sections – A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 35 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.

ii. Section A – Question No 1 to 16 are Very Short Objective Type Questions of 1 mark each.

iii. Section B – Question No. 17 to 22 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.

iv. Section C – Question No 23 to 25 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each.Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words

v. Section D – Question No. 26 to 30 are Long Answer Type Questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.

vi. Section-E – Question No from 31 to 33 are Source based Questions with three sub-questions and are of 4 marks each

vii. Section F – Question No. 34-35 are Map based, carrying 4 marks from History and 2 marks from Geography

viii. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in a few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted. ix. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.

x. Both the maps should be attached inside the answer book.

Section-A
(16 Marks)

Q.1 In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.

Assertion: India has opted for Representative Democracy.
Reasoning: It is difficult to devise a method for direct participation in India owing to its large population.
(a). Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
(b). Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
(c). A is true but R is wrong.

(d). A is wrong and R is true.

Q.2 Complete the analogy.

Green Revolution: grains :: Blue Revolution: _____

    (a) Milk

    (b) Oil seeds

    (c) Fish

    (d) Lentils

Q.3 On 23rd September, mid day sun is overhead at-

    (a) Equator

    (b) Tropic of cancer

    (c) Tropic of capricorn

    (d) Antarctic circle

Q.4 Given here are the four statements related to Mauryan King Ashoka. Read them carefully and tick the correct option/options from the followings:

    1. He led a fierce battle at Kalinga.

    2. He adopted Buddhism.

    3. He appointed <u>shrenee</u> for administrative convenience.

    4. He was the son of Chandragupta Maurya.

    (a) 1 and 2

    (b) 2 and 3

    (c) 3 and 4

    (d) 1 and 4

Q.5 Match the items given in column A & column B. Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

Column A	Column B
(a) Grihapati	(i) large assembly for policy making
(b) Samiti	(ii) Later Vedic Period
(c) Vaishyas	(iii) eldest male member of the family
(d) Epic Age	(iv) cultivators and craftsmen

Now tick the correct option:

A) a)-ii);b)-iv);c)-i);d)-iii)

 B) a)-iii);b)-i);c)-iv);d)-ii)

C) a)-iv);b)-i);c)-iii);d)-ii)

 D) a)-iii);b)-ii);c)-iv);d)-i)

Q.6 Identify this image of an artifact from Indus Valley Civilization and answer the question that follows.

Name the metal used to make this statue.

a) Copper

b) Iron

c) Bronze

d) Gold

Q.7 Match the items given in column A, column B and column C and choose the correct answer from the options given below:

Column A	Column B	Column C
A. The Kalinga war proved to be a turning point in Ashoka's life.	1) The king had a mantri parishad to assist him.	i) Therefore, Ashoka pledged never to resort to war.
B. The king was the head of the state.	2) The horror of war and cries of children moved Ashoka.	ii) The king enjoyed supreme powers of military, judiciary, administration.

(a) A,2,i and B,1,ii

(b) A,2,ii, and B,1,i

(c) B,1,i and A,2,ii

(d) B,2,ii and A,1,i

Q.8 In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.

Assertion (A): Excavations of Indus Valley proved that it was an urban civilisation.
Reason (R): A dockyard was discovered in Lothal,Gujarat.

(a). Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
 (b). Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
(c). A is true but R is wrong.
(d). A is wrong and R is true.

Q.9 Select the Odd one out.
   (a) Pongal
   (b) Diwali
   (c) Onam
   (d) Baisakhi

Q.10 Suppose you want to see sites of Indus Valley Civilisation in India. Which of the following states are you going to visit?
   (a) Karnataka, Kerala, Goa
   (b) Punjab, Rajasthan, Gujarat
   (c) Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur
   (d) West Bengal, Mizoram, Tripura

Q.11 While going to school Raghav asked his parents why the people were coming to the place where they live, as they see a lot of them coming and settling in the city where they live.

What reason would Raghav's parents give?
   (a) Good roads
   (b) Job opportunities
   (c) Shopping malls
   (d) Cinema halls

Q.12 Arrange the following statements in chronological order (starting from the beginning) and choose the correct option.

1. Bindusar succeeded his father in 297 BCE.
2 . The Mauryan Empire was established by Chandragupta.
3 . Ashoka adopted Buddhism after the Kalinga war.
4. Ashoka was crowned as king in 269 BCE.

A) 2,3,4,1
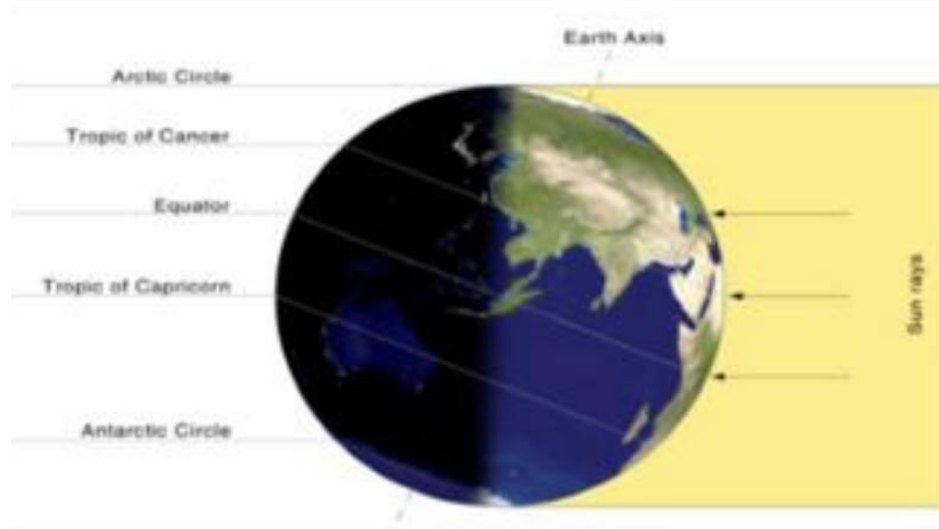B) 4,3,2,1
C) 2,1,4,3
D) 1,2,3,4

Q.13 Choose the correct option and Complete the following passage.

The power of the king increased in (1)_____ Vedic Period. It resulted in the decrease of power of (2)_____ and ——-
   A. 1) Later 2) Traders 3) Mantri
   B. 1) Later 2) Sabha 3) Samiti
   C. 1) Early 2) Traders 3) Mantri
   D. 1) Early 2) Sabha 3) Samiti

**Q.14 In the situation depicted in the following diagram, rays of sun are vertical at:**

(a) Tropic of Cancer

(b) Tropic of Capricorn

(c) North Pole

(d) Equator

Q.15 The Upanishads divided man's life into four Ashrams .Arrange the following statements in sequential order based on the system.

1.In Vanprastha ashram, a man retired to the forest to meditate.

2.In Brahmacharya ashram, a man had to spend the 25 years of his life in a gurukul.

3. In Sanyas ashram, a man lived a life of complete detachment.

4.In Grihastha ashram, a man worked hard, got married and raised a family.

(A) 2,4,1,3

(B) 1,2,3,4

(C) 4,2,1,3

(D) 3,4,2,1

Q.16 Place A in the following image of a Grid is located at the intersection of ——--------
Latitude and ——----- Longitude.
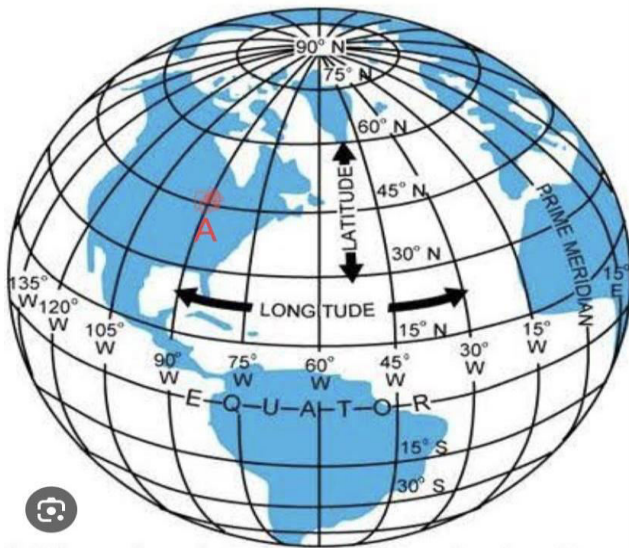
(a) 30 * N and 75 * E

(b) 30 * S and 75 * W

(c) 45 * N and 90 * W

(d) 45* S and 90 * E

Section-B

Q.17 Calculate the time on the following longitude when it is 5:00 pm at Greenwich
    (a) 45 degrees East
    (b) 60 degrees West   (2)

Q.18 Read the given passage and answer the following Questions.

> The greatest achievement of the Iron Age was in the field of literature. The word veda means knowledge. The knowledge contained in the vedas is for the whole mankind. Because of the term veda , this period is also called as vedic period.

    (a) List an important source of Early vedic period.
    (b) Mention the other name of Later vedic period.   (2)

Q.19. Explain any two achievements of Aryans in the field of Science.   (2)

Q.20 Give any two provisions given by the Indian constitution which aims at bringing equality.   (2)

Q.21:- Define Universal adult Franchise highlighting its one advantage.   (2)

Q.22 : Differentiate between Meridians of longitudes and Parallels of Latitudes in two points .   (2)

Section-C

Q.23.   Observe the image carefully and answer the following: (3)

    (i) Name the famous stupa given in the image.
    (ii) The stupa is located in which state of India?
    (iii) Give any one feature of Buddhist stupas.

Q.24: Describe the features of drainage system during Indus Valley Civilisation.   (3)

OR

Describe the reasons responsible for the decline of Harappan culture.   (3)

Q.25 Define the term " Local time" Explain the problem faced by the country in following local time of the place along with the solution taken by them as a whole.(3)

Section-D

Q.26 Describe the three Heat Zones with the help of a neat and well labeled diagram. (3+2)

**Q.27 "Democracy is not just a form of government but is a way of life." Explain any five goals of it which strikes a balance in the society.
(1X5=5)**

Q.28:- The society was divided into four varnas on the basis of occupation." Briefly explain them . Also write the change it undergo during later vedic period.   (4+1)

Q.29:- Describe the concept of leap year in five points.   (5)

OR

**'Rotation of the Earth causes day and night.' Explain the phenomenon of rotation with the help of a neat and well labeled diagram.
(3+2)**

Q.30: " The richness of Indian traditions has kept India united and integrated." Describe the statement in five points highlighting the significance of unity in diversity.

OR

"Man can not live without society or a community" Explain how community life had begun.   (5)

Section-E

Q.31 Read the given passage and answer the following Questions.

The Southern Hemisphere gradually comes towards the sun. In this position, the sun rays are vertical at the Tropic of Capricorn. The length of the day increases towards the south pole and nights become shorter. Opposite to it , the Northern Hemisphere in this situation is away from the sun.

        (a) What seasons are indicated in the above situation in both the southern and northern hemisphere.
        (b) Mention the date when sun rays are vertical at the Tropic of Cancer every year.
        (c) The Tropic of Cancer lies at _____ degrees.   (2+1+1)

Q.32 Read the given passage and answer the following Questions.

In our daily life, we observe that many activities are always going on throughout the country. These are building of roads, generation of electricity, running of hospitals, imparting education, transportation of goods and passengers, defending the borders etc.For good governance and smooth functioning of various departments the duties and responsibilities are divided.

    (a) Who organise,supervise and control the activities around us ?
    (b) Governments that function at National level and State level are called _____ and _____ government respectively.
    (c) Elected representatives of the state government are called_____.   (1+2+1)

Q.33 Read the given passage and answer the following Questions.

The excavations of Indus Valley prove that cities were well-planned. Most cities were divided into two parts. The upper (raised) part was called Citadel and the lower part was known as Lower Town.The houses were built on either side of the street with baked bricks, stones and wood .All streets cut each other at right angles.The elaborate drainage system highly efficient in Indus valley civilisation.

(a) Name any two buildings which were enclosed in Citadel.

(b) A high and thick wall protected the citadel from the _____.

(c) Which part of the city was the residential area?

    (2+1+1)

Section-F

Q.34 I) On the given political map of India, point (A) and (B) has been marked. Identify the place and write its name in the space provided.

    A) A Harappan site.

    B) A place where the huge Great bath has been discovered here.   (2)

II) On the same outline political map of India, locate and label the following places:

    C) Sarnath

    (D)Kalinga   (2)

Q.35 On the outline map of the World, locate and label the following places.

A) Arctic Circle

B) Tropic of cancer   (2)

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION
CLASS VI (2023-24)
SAMPLE PAPER (MARKING SCHEME)

TIME ALLOWED :- 3 HOURS   **M.M- 80**

Q.No	Value Points/Key Points	Marks for each Value/Key point	Total Marks
1.	Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.	1	1
2.	Fish	1	1
3.	Equator	1	1
4.	1 and 2	1	1
5.	a-iii,b-i,c-iv,d-ii	1	1
6.	Bronze	1	1
7.	A,2,i and B,1,ii	1	1
8.	Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A	1	1
9.	Diwali	1	1
10.	Punjab, Rajasthan, Gujarat	1	1
11.	Job opportunities	1	1
12.	2,1,4,3	1	1
13.	Later, Sabha , Samiti	1	1
14.	Tropic of cancer	1	1
15.	2,4,1,3	1	1
16.	45 DEGREE N AND 90 DEGREE W	1	1
17.	(a) 8:00 pm (b) 1:00 pm	1 1	2
18.	(a) Rig veda (b) Epic age	1 1	2

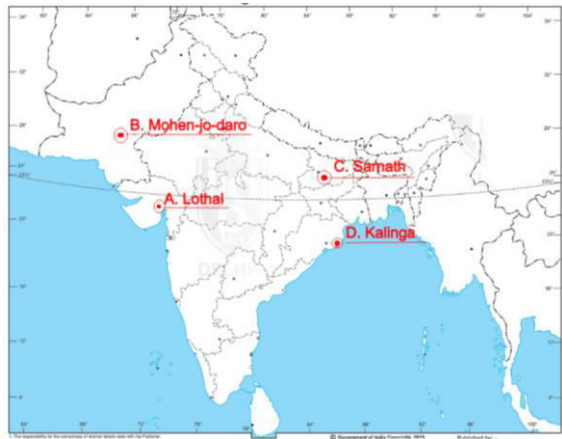|			
19.	1. Astronomy was the favourite subject of the Aryans. 2. They could foretell solar and lunar eclipses. 3. They knew the movement of heavenly bodies . (ANY OTHER RELEVANT POINT)	1 1	2
20.	(a) Fundamental Rights such as Right to freedom , Right to equality. (b) Directive principles of state policy. (c) Right to vole given to adults without any discrimination.	1 1	2
21.	All the citizens of India , who are 18 years of age and above have the right to vote without any discrimination on the basis of religion , language , caste, culture etc. Advantage :- 1. It gives equality to all citizens of India	1 1	2
22.	LATITUDES:- a. The imaginary lines running from West to West . b. There are total 181 latitudes including equator. c. It is helpful in finding the three heat zones of the Earth. Longitudes : the imaginary lines running from North to South . b. There are total 360 longitudes. C. It is helpful in calculation of time. (ANY 2 Points)	1 1	2
23.	1. Sanchi Stupa 2. Madhya Pradesh 3.	1 1 1	3

24.	1. The great bath had a well planned system of water and drainage system.
	2. Its brickwork completely waterproof.
	3.The floor of the tank was built with gysum,plaster and a thick layer of bitumen(natural tar).
	
	OR
	It is believed that the cause of the decline of Indus Valley Civilisation was:
	a. Natural disasters like
	    A. an earthquake
	    B .a flood
	 b. change in the course of the Indus river
	 c. Frequent invasions by the Aryans
		1
		
		1
		1
			3

25.	A Local time is a time calculated on the basis of a specific meridian passing through a particular place.Problems :-
	  1. It would create a lot of difficulties if all countries would adopt different local time.
	  2. The railway time and the schedules of air flightswould be difficult to prepare.
	  3. People crossing the longitudes would have to adjust their watches. (Any one point)
	Solution :- In order to avoid this problem and maintain uniformity all over a country , it was decided to adopt the local time of the standard meridian of a country asSTANDARD TIME.
		1
		
		1
		
		1
			3

26.	1 The Torrid zone : a)The Tropic of cancer and the Tropic of capricorn mark the limits of this zone b) This zone receives maximum heat of the sun and is very hot.	5	5

	2. Temperate zone **a) The zone between the Tropic of Cancer and the Arctic Circle is called the North Temperate zone and the zone between the Tropic of cancer and Antarctic circle is called the South Temperate zone.** **b) These zones are neither very hot nor very cold.** **Frigid zone** **a) It lies from the Arctic Circle to the North Pole From the Antarctic Circle to the South Pole.** **b) It is the coldest zone of the earth.** **Diagram page 23**		
27.	1. **To solve all problems through discussion, persuasion and compromise.** 2. **It aims at social ,economic and politicalequality.** 3. **Well being of each individual** 4. **It helps in maintaining peace.** 5. **It inculcates the habit of obeying rules and regulations of the state.** **(WITH EXPLANATION)**	**1** **1** **1** **1** **1**	**5**
28.	**The society was divided into 4 varnas: Brahmins, Kshatriyas, Vaishyas and Shudras.** **1.Brahmin look after the religious matters and** **2.Kshatriya protected the people from internal and external harms** **2.The vaishyas were the cultivators and crafts men .**	**1** **1** **1**	**5**

	4. The Shudras labour who served the above 3 classes. The people of different varnas had the freedom to enter mingle or change their occupation. In the later vedic period, the varna system became hereditary and very rigid.No one could change and occupation or varna.	1 1	
29.	1. The earth revolves around the sun in 365 day and 6 hours. 2. For our convenience we ignore the six hours and make a year a period of 365 days. 3. After every four years , these six hours are added to make a day of 24 hours. 4. This extra day is added after every four years in the month of February to make it a month of 29 days. 5. The year of 366 days is called a leap year. OR 1. Earth the earth faces the sun while rotating from west to east 2. Each part of the earth facing the sun is illuminated by sunlight turn by turn 3. The lighted half part of the earth that faces the sun has day . 4. While the other part of the earth that is not facing the sun experiences night. 5. Thus as the earth rotates the day follows the night and the night follows the day by turn .	5	5
30.	Unity in Diversity 1. It is a unique feature which has always been are source of strength. 2. The harvest festival are celebrated all over the country at the time of harvesting the crops. 3. The happiness of farmers is expressed through festivals like Baisakhi in Punjab Onam in Kerala and	1 1	5

	Pongal in Tamilnadu. 4. Garba Nritya of Gujarat Bihu dance of Assam and ghoomar of Rajasthan reflects the culture and tradition of the community of these regions. 5.Variety of climatic conditions soil irrigation method culture and religious background symbolise diversity in various fields. 6. Richness of Indian tradition lies in the believe that all cultures are equal. (ANY 5 POINTS)	1 1 1	
31.	(a) Northern Hemisphere Winter Season Southern Hemisphere Summer Season (b) 21st June (c) 231/2 degrees North	2+2	5
32.	a) Government at different levels. b) Union, State c) MLA'S	1+2+1	5
33.	a) Great Bath ,Granary , Town Hall (any two) b) Frequent floods c) Lower Town		5

34.		1+1+1+1	4

35.	WORLD - PHYSICAL संसार-प्राकृतिक	1+1	2
	A. Arctic Circle		
	B. Tropic of Cancer		
	SCALE		
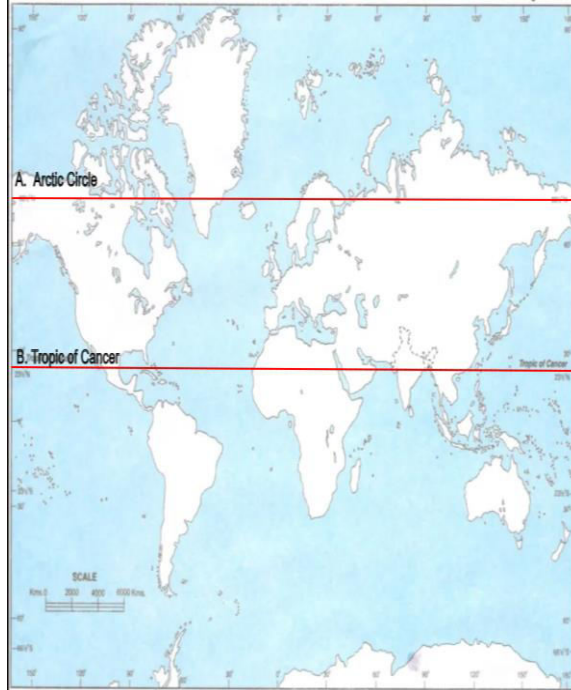
SANSKRIT

प्रथम-सत्र (2023-24)
अभ्यास- पत्रम्
विषय- संस्कृत
कक्षा - षष्ठी

पूर्णांक - 80

(अपठित- अवबोधनम्)

प्र-1) अधोलिखितम् अनुच्छेदम् पठित्वा प्रदत्त-प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखन्तु –

*एक : काक : पिपासित: अभवत् । स: सर्वत्र अभ्रमत् परन्तु कुत्रापि जलम् न अपश्यत् । अन्ते स: उद्याने एकम् घटम् अपश्यत् । स: घटस्य समीपे अगच्छत् । यदा स: घटस्य मुखे उपाविशत् स: पश्यति यत् घटे जलम् स्वल्पम् एव अस्ति । स: जल - पानाय प्रयासम् अकरोत् परन्तु सफल: न भवति । स: एकम् उपायम् चिन्तयति । स: पाषाण - खण्डानि आनयति , तान् घटे क्षिपति । एवम् घटस्य तले स्थितम् जलम् उपरि आगच्छति । स: पर्याप्तम् जलम् अपिबत् । प्रसन्न : भूत्वा आकाशे उत्पतति ।

प्रश्ना : ---
प्र -1= एकपदेन उत्तरत ----   **(1/2×4=2)**
  क) क: पिपासित: अभवत् ?
  ख) काक: कुत्रापि किम् न अपश्यत् ?
  ग) काक: किम् अचिन्तयत् ?
  घ) स: कुत्र उत्पतति ?

प्र-2= पूर्ण- वाक्येन उत्तरत ---   **(2×2=4)**

क) काक: घटस्य समीपे गत्वा किम् पश्यति ?
ख) स : किम् उपायम् चिन्तयति ?

प्र-3= निर्देशानुसारम् उत्तरत --   **(1×4=4)**

क) 'स्वल्पम् जलम्' अत्र किम् पदम् विशेषणम् अस्ति?
ख) 'स: पर्याप्तम् जलम् अपिबत्' अत्र क्रिया - पदम् किम् अस्ति ?
ग) 'स: सफल: न भवति' अत्र कर्ता - पदम् किम् अस्ति?
घ) अनुच्छेदात् अव्यय - पदम् चित्वा लिखन्तु ।

(रचनात्मक- लेखनम्)

प्र -2) अधोलिखितम् पत्रम् रिक्त स्थानानि पूरयित्वा पुन: लिखन्तु - (1×5=5)

सेवायाम्

प्राचार्या: महोदया : ,

डी ए वी विद्यालय: ,

दिल्ली ।

महोदया : ,

सविनयम् निवेदनम् अस्ति यत् अहम् _____(1) विद्यालयस्य छात्र : अस्मि । अद्य अहम् _____ (2) विद्यालयम् आगत : अस्मि । मम _____(3) एव विलम्बात् आगतम् । मम अपराध : न _____(4) ।

कृपया माम् क्षमाम् कुर्वन्तु _____(5) ।

धन्यवादा : ।

भवताम् आज्ञाकारी शिष्य:

क ख ग

कक्षा षष्ठी ।

मञ्जूषा –

(भवन्त : , अस्ति , विलम्बेन , भवताम् , बसयानम्)

प्र- 3) चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा पंच - वाक्यानि संस्कृतेन लिखन्तु - (1×5=5)

(हरितिमा , पुष्पाणि , प्रात: , अस्ति , पादपा: , सुंदरम् , सन्ति , दृश्यम् , आकाश: , नील : , मूर्ति :)

प्र-4) अधोलिखिताम् कथाम् रिक्त - स्थानानि पूरयित्वा लिखन्तु -- (1/2×10=5)

एकस्मिन् वने एक: _____(1)वसति स्म । तस्य समीपे सर्वे _____ (2) एकं - एकं कृत्वा आगच्छन्ति स्म । एकदा कस्यचित् शशकस्य _____(3) आसीत्। सः मन्दं मन्दम् गच्छन् अचिन्तयत् " यदि ___(4) मृत्यु : निश्चितः तर्हि सिंहस्य अनुनयेन किम् ? अतः मन्दं मन्दम् एव ___(5) । अग्रे गच्छन् स : ___(6) नाशाय उपायम् अपि ____(7) । उपायं चिन्तयित्वा सः सिंहस्य ___(8) विलम्ब कृत्वा अगच्छत् । शशक : ___(9) बुद्धिमान् आसीत्। स: सिंहम् _____(10) समर्थ : अभवत् ।

मञ्जूषा –

(गच्छामि , सिंहस्य , मारयितुम् , पशव: , अचिन्तयत् , अतीव , मम , समीपे , वार : , सिंह:)

(अनुप्रयुक्त- व्याकरणम्)

प्र-5) सन्धिम् विच्छेदम् वा कुरुत -   **(1×3=3)**
   1) अहम् ____ (विद्या + आलयम्) गच्छामि ।
   2) सः तु ____ (विद्यार्थी) अस्ति ।
   3) ____ (हिमालय:) उच्च : अस्ति ।

प्र-6) समुचितेन शब्द-रूपेण रिक्त स्थानानि पूरयत ---   **(1×4=4)**
1- एतत् पुस्तकम् ____ अस्ति । (रामस्य , राम:, रामम्)
2 - अत्र __ मन्दिरम् अस्ति । (देवताया:, देवता, देवता:)
3 - एतानि __ सुन्दराणि सन्ति । पुष्पम् , पुष्पाणि , पुष्पे
4 - ____ विद्यालयम् गच्छाव: (अहम , आवाम , वयम्)

प्र 7) समुचितेन धातुरूपेण रिक्त स्थानानि पूरयत ---   **(1×4=4)**
   1- अहम् उद्याने ____ (क्रीडामि , क्रीडथ, क्रीडाव:)
   2- त्वम् देवालये ____ (नमसि , नमाव : , नमथ)
   3 - ईश्वर: सर्वत्र ____ (भवन्ति , भवति , भवसि)
   4- अश्वा: तीव्रम् ____(धावन्ति , धावत : , धावति)

प्र -8) समुचितेन अव्ययेन रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयन्तु —   **(1/2×4=2)**
   (तदा, तत्र , कुत्र , च)
1- यदा वर्षा भवति ____ मयूर: नृत्यति ।
2- त्वम् ____ गच्छसि ?
3- त्वम् अहम् ____ गच्छाव: ।
4- मूषक: ____ एव तिष्ठति ।

प्र-9) प्रदत्त- संख्यानि संस्कृतेन लिखन्तु ----   **(1×3=3)**
1- वृक्षेषु ____ (18) चटका: तिष्ठन्ति ।
2- ते ____ (4) गजा: सन्ति ।
3 - अंगुलिका: ____ (10) भवन्ति ।

प्र -10) धातुम् प्रत्ययम् संयोज्य पृथक् कृत्वा वा लिखन्तु   **(1×3=3)**
   1.स : गृहम् ____ (गम् + क्त्वा) पठति ।
   2.भोजनम् ____ (खादित्वा) जलं पिबति ।
   3. लेखम् ____ (लिख् + क्त्वा) पठति ।

प्र -11) अधोलिखितेषु वाक्येषु स्थूल - पदेषु का विभक्ति : प्रयुक्ता किम् च तत् कारणम् - **(1×4=4)**
   1.जना: **मार्गम्** परित: तिष्ठन्ति ।
   2.राम: **उद्यानम्** गच्छति ।
   3.छात्रा: **विद्यालयम्** प्रति चलन्ति।
   4. **नदीम्** अभित: मृत्तिका अस्ति ।

प्र -12) उपसर्गम् पृथक् कृत्वा लिखन्तु -   **(1×2=2)**
1) छात्र: कक्षायाम् ____ (उपविशति) ।
2) सिंह: वने ____ (प्रविशति) ।

(पठित- अवबोधनम्)

प्र - 13) अधोलिखितम् अनुच्छेदम् पठित्वा प्रदत्त- प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखन्तु –

भारतमाता वीराणां जननी अस्ति। अनेके वीरबालका| बालिकाः भारतभूमौ उत्पन्नाः अभवन् । गुज्जन सक्सेना अपि एतादृशी एका वीरवालिका उत्पन्ना अभवत्। मातृभूमे: सेवार्थं सा स्वजीवनस्य चिन्तां न अकरोत् । सा 'डी.ए.वी.' इति संस्थायाः हंसराज - महाविद्यालयस्य छात्रा आसीत् । मातृभूमेः सेवार्थं सा भारतीय वायुसेनां प्राविशत्। सा प्रथमा भारतीया महिला विमान-चालिका आसीत्। सा वीराङ्गना राज्ञी लक्ष्मीबाई इव साहसिनी आसीत्। सा युद्धक्षेत्रे निर्भय विमानम् अचालयत्। सा सैनिकेभ्यः आवश्यकवस्तूनां वितरणम् अकरोत्। सा रुग्णान् आहतान् च सैनिकान् अरक्षत्।

प्र-1) एकपदेन उत्तरत -   **(1/2×2=1)**
  क) भारतमाता केषाम् जननी अस्ति ?
  ख) सा कुत्र विमानम् अचालयत् ?
प्र-2) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत -   **(1×2=2)**
  क) गुंजनसक्सेना कान् अरक्षत् ?
  ख) सा कस्य छात्रा आसीत् ?
प्र-3) निर्देशानुसारम् उत्तरत -   **(1×2=2)**
  क)'सा चिन्ताम् न अकरोत्' अत्र क्रिया - पदम् किम् ?
      (सा / चिन्ताम् / अकरोत्)
  ख)' वीरबालिका उत्पन्ना अभवत् ' अत्र कर्तृपदं किम् ?
      (वीरबालिका / उत्पन्ना / अभवत्)

प्र-14) अधोलिखितम् श्लोकं पठित्वा प्रदत्त- प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखन्तु –
     सत्यं वदन्ति मधुरं च सदा वदन्ति ,
     ये अप्रियं किमपि नासत्यं वदन्ति ।
     ते सज्जनाः सहृदयाः च परोपकारिण: ,
     श्रेष्ठाः जनाः परहिताय सुखम् त्यजन्ति।
  (1) एकपदेन उत्तरत –   **(1/2×2=1)**
  ● श्रेष्ठा : जना: किम् वदन्ति ?
  ● श्रेष्ठा : जना : किम् न वदन्ति ?
  (2) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत –   **(1×2=2)**
  ● श्रेष्ठा : जना : कीदृशा : भवन्ति ?
  ● श्रेष्ठा : जना : किम् त्यजन्ति ?
  (3) निर्देशानुसारम् उत्तरत —   **(1×2=2)**

- 'मधुरम् सदा वदन्ति 'अत्र अव्यय - पदं किम्?
  (मधुरम् / सदा / वदन्ति)
- 'अप्रियं असत्यं न वदन्ति 'अत्र क्रियापदं किम् ?
  (अप्रियम् / असत्यम् / वदन्ति)

प्र -15) अधोलिखितम् नाट्यांशम् पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत-

अध्यापिका – अयं स्वर्णिमः मत्स्यः अस्ति । अस्य वर्णः स्वर्णसदृशः भवति। अतः सः दीव्यति

मीनाक्षी - अयं सुन्दरः मत्स्यः अस्ति।

मोहितः - "टर्र टर्र' इति कस्य ध्वनिः जलात् आगच्छति?

अध्यापिका - अयम् मण्डूकः अस्ति।

सागर : - किम् मण्डूकः जले वसति ?

अध्यापिका - मण्डूकः तु जले भूमौ च उभयत्र वसति ।

श्रुति : - अन्ये के के जन्तवः जले भूमौ च उभयत्र वसन्ति ?

अध्यापिका - कच्छपः कुलीर : च जले भूमौ च उभयत्र वसतः ।

(एकः विशालकाय मत्स्यः जलस्य उपरि आगच्छति)

सागर : - अस्य मत्स्यस्य किं नाम अस्ति ?
अध्यापिका - अस्य नाम 'शार्क' अस्ति।
श्रुतिः - अयं किं किं खादति ?
अध्यापिका - अयं लघुमत्स्यान् खादति ।

प्र 1) एकपदेन उत्तरत -   (1/2×2=1)
  क) विशालकाय- मत्स्यस्य किम् नाम ?
  ख) अयम् कान् खादति ?
प्र 2) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत -   (1×2=2)
  क) स्वर्णिम- मत्स्य : कथम् दीव्यति ?
  ख) कौ उभयत्र वसतः ?
प्र 3) निर्देशानुसारम् उत्तरत -   (1×2=2)
  क) 'अयम् मण्डूकः अस्ति ' अत्र कर्तृपदम् किम् ?
    (अयम् / मण्डूकः / अस्ति)
  ख) 'जलस्य उपरि आगच्छति ' अत्र अव्यय-पदं किम् ?
    (जलस्य / उपरि / आगच्छति)

प्र-16) अधोलिखितं श्लोकं पठित्वा उचितपदेन अन्वयं पूरयत —   **(1×4=4)**

(क)   प्रियवाक्यप्रदानेन सर्वे तुष्यन्ति जन्तव : ।
        तस्मात् तदेव वक्तव्यं , वचने का दरिद्रता ।।

अन्वय:- सर्वे जन्तव : प्रियवाक्य- प्रदानेन _____(1)
        तस्मात् तत् एव _____ (2) ।वचने का दरिद्रता ।

(ख)   उद्यमेन हि सिध्यन्ति कार्याणि न मनोरथै: ।
       नहि सुप्तस्य सिंहस्य प्रविशन्ति मुखे मृगा: ।।

अन्वय: - कार्याणि _____(1) हि सिध्यन्ति मनोरथै: न ।
        सुप्तस्य _____(2) मुखे मृगा: न प्रविशन्ति।

प्र-17)   एतानि वाक्यानि कथाक्रमानुसारं लिखन्तु -   **(1/2×4=2)**
(1) काकः मूषकम् हरिणस्य समीपम् अनयत्।
(2) एकदा एकः व्याधः हरिणम् जालेन अबद्नत् ।
(3) मूषकः जालम् अकृन्तत् ।
(4) हरिणस्य मित्राणि तस्य प्रतीक्षाम् अकुर्वन् ।

प्र-18) स्थूल- पदानाम् स्थाने प्रश्न-निर्माणं कुरुत–   **(1×4=4)**
    1) वीरबालका : **भारतभूमौ** उत्पन्ना : अभवन् ।
            (किम् / कुत्र / क:)
    2) हरिण: **जालेन** बद्ध : अभवत् ।
            (किम् / क : / केन)
    3) मम **विद्यालय :** विशाल: अस्ति ।
            (क: / किम् / कस्य ?
    4) गुंजनसक्सेना **विमान- चालिका** आसीत् ।
            (क : / का / किम्)

प्र -19) समुचितम् शब्दार्थ-मेलनम् कुरुत-   **(1×3=3)**
            क   ख
    1)   मत्स्य :   सागर :
    2)   जन्तव :   मीन :
    3)   समुद्र: जीवा :

प्र-20) समुचितं विलोम - पद - मेलनं कुरुत -   **(1×3=3)**
            क   ख
    1)   जननी   वीर :
    2)   रुग्णान्   जनक :
    3)   वीरांगना   स्वस्थान्

पूर्णांक - 80

प्रश्न-1) 1- काक : , जलम् , उपायम् , आकाशे (1/2×4=2

2- क) यत् घटे जलं स्वल्पम् एव अस्ति ।

  ख) स : पाषाण- खण्डानि आनयति , तान् घटे क्षिपति | (2×2=4)

  3- स्वल्पं , अपिबत् , सः , सर्वत्र (1×4=4)

प्रश्न-2) भवताम् , विलम्बेन , बसयानं, अस्ति , भवन्त : (1×5=5)

प्रश्न-3) प्रत्येकम् शुद्ध- वाक्याय (1×5=5)

प्रश्न-4) सिंहः , पशव : , वार : , मम , गच्छामि , सिंहस्य , अचिन्तयत् , समीपे , अतीव , मारयितुम् ।(1/2×10=5)

प्रश्न-5) विद्यालय : , विद्या + अर्थी , हिम + आलय : । (1×3=3)

प्रश्न-6) रामस्य , देवताया : , पुष्पाणि , आवाम् (1×4=4)

प्रश्न-7) क्रीडामि , नमसि , भवति , धावन्ति । (1×4=4)

प्रश्न-8) तदा , कुत्र , च , तत्र । (1/2×4=2)

प्रश्न-9) अष्टादश, चत्वार: , दश । (1×3=3)

प्रश्न-10) गत्वा , खाद् + कत्वा , लिखित्वा (1×3=3)

प्रश्न-11) परित : - द्वितीया , गच्छति - द्वितीया

  प्रति - द्वितीया , अभित : - द्वितीया (1/2×8=4)

प्रश्न-12) उप , प्र (1×2=2)

प्रश्न-13) 1- वीराणाम् , युद्धक्षेत्रे (1/2×2=1)

  2- क) रुग्णान् आहतान् च सैनिकान्

  ख) डी ए वी इति संस्थाया : हंसराज-महाविद्यालयस्य (1×2=2)

  3- अकरोत् , वीरबालिका (1×2=2)

प्रश्न-14) 1- सत्यम् , अप्रियम् / असत्यम् (1/2×2=1)

  2- क) सज्जना : , सहृदया : परोपकारिण: च

  ख) परहिताय स्वसुखम् (1×2=2)

3- सदा , वदन्ति   (1×2=2)

प्रश्न-15) 1- शार्क इति , लघुमत्स्यान्   (1/2×2=1)

2- क) अस्य वर्ण: स्वर्ण- सदृश : भवति ।

ख) कच्छप: कुलीर : च   (1×2=2)

3- अयम् / मण्डूक: , उपरि   (1×2=2)

प्रश्न-16) क) तुष्यन्ति , वक्तव्यम्

ख) उद्यमेन , सिंहस्य   (1×4=4)

प्रश्न-17)   2 , 4 , 1 , 3   (1/2×4=2)

प्रश्न-18) कुत्र , केन , क : , का   (1×4=4)

प्रश्न- 19) मीन : जीवा : सागर :   (1×3=3)

प्रश्न-20) जनक : , स्वस्थान् , वीर : (1×3=3)